

## RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF STOCK BROKERS, AUTHORIZED PERSON AND CLIENTS

as prescribed by SEBI and Stock Exchanges

1. The client shall invest/trade in those securities/ contracts/other instruments admitted to dealings on the Exchanges as defined in the Rules, Byelaws and Regulations of Exchanges/ Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) and circulars/notices issued there under from time to time.
2. The stock broker, authorized person and the client shall be bound by all the Rules, Byelaws and Regulations of the Exchange and circulars/ notices issued there under and Rules and Regulations of SEBI and relevant notifications of Government authorities as may be in force from time to time.
3. The client shall satisfy itself of the capacity of the stock broker to deal in securities and/or deal in derivatives contracts and wishes to execute its orders through the stock broker and the client shall from time to time continue to satisfy itself of such capability of the stock broker before executing orders through the stock broker.
4. The stock broker shall continuously satisfy itself about the genuineness and financial soundness of the client and investment objectives relevant to the services to be provided.
5. The stock broker shall take steps to make the client aware of the precise nature of the Stock broker's liability for business to be conducted, including any limitations, the liability and the capacity in which the stock broker acts.
6. The authorized person shall provide necessary assistance and co-operate with the stock broker in all its dealings with the client(s).

### CLIENT INFORMATION

7. The client shall furnish all such details in full as are required by the stock broker in "Account Opening Form" with supporting details, made mandatory by stock exchanges/SEBI from time to time.
8. The client shall familiarize himself with all the mandatory provisions in the Account Opening documents. Any additional clauses or documents specified by the stock broker shall be non-mandatory, as per terms & conditions accepted by the client.
9. The client shall immediately notify the stock broker in writing if there is any change in the information in the 'account opening form' as provided at the time of account opening and thereafter; including the information on winding up petition/insolvency petition or any litigation which may have material bearing on his capacity. The client shall provide/update the financial information to the stock broker on a periodic basis.
10. The stock broker and authorized person shall maintain all the details of the client as mentioned in the account opening form or any other information pertaining to the client, confidentially and that they shall not disclose the same to any person/authority except as required under any law/regulatory requirements. Provided however that the stock broker may so disclose information about his client to any person or authority with the express permission of the client.

### MARGINS

11. The client shall pay applicable initial margins, withholding margins, special margins or such other margins as are considered necessary by the stock broker or the Exchange or as may be directed by SEBI from time to time as applicable to the segment(s) in which the client trades. The stock broker is permitted in its sole and absolute discretion to collect additional margins (even though not required by the Exchange, Clearing House/Clearing Corporation or SEBI) and the client shall be obliged to pay such margins within the stipulated time.
12. The client understands that payment of margins by the client does not necessarily imply complete satisfaction of all dues. In spite of consistently having paid margins, the client may, on the settlement of its trade, be obliged to pay (or entitled to receive) such further sums as the contract may dictate/require.

### TRANSACTIONS AND SETTLEMENTS

13. The client shall give any order for buy or sell of a security/derivatives contract in writing or in such form or manner, as may be mutually agreed between the client and the stock broker. The stock broker shall ensure to place orders and execute the trades of the client, only in the Unique Client Code assigned to that client.
14. The stock broker shall inform the client and keep him apprised about trading/settlement cycles, delivery/ payment schedules, any changes therein from time to time, and it shall be the responsibility in turn of the client to comply with such schedules/procedures of the relevant stock exchange where the trade is executed.
15. The stock broker shall ensure that the money/securities deposited by the client shall be kept in a separate account, distinct from his/its own account or account of any other client and shall not be used by the stock broker for himself/itself or for any other client or for any purpose other than the purposes mentioned in Rules, Regulations, circulars, notices, guidelines of SEBI and/or Rules, Regulations, Bye-laws, circulars and notices of Exchange.
16. Where the Exchange(s) cancels trade(s) suo moto all such trades including the trade/s done on behalf of the client shall ipso facto stand cancelled, stock broker shall be entitled to cancel the respective contract(s) with client(s).
17. The transactions executed on the Exchange are subject to Rules, Byelaws and Regulations and circulars/notices issued thereunder of the Exchanges where the trade is executed and all parties to such trade shall have submitted to the jurisdiction of such court as may be specified by the Byelaws and Regulations of the Exchanges where the trade is executed for the purpose of giving effect to the provisions of the Rules, Byelaws and Regulations of the Exchanges and the circulars/notices issued thereunder.

**BROKERAGE**

18. The Client shall pay to the stock broker brokerage and statutory levies as are prevailing from time to time and as they apply to the Client's account, transactions and to the services that stock broker renders to the Client. The stock broker shall not charge brokerage more than the maximum brokerage permissible as per the rules, regulations and bye-laws of the relevant stock exchanges and/or rules and regulations of SEBI.

**LIQUIDATION AND CLOSE OUT OF POSITION**

19. Without prejudice to the stock broker's other rights (including the right to refer a matter to arbitration), the client understands that the stock broker shall be entitled to liquidate/close out all or any of the client's positions for non-payment of margins or other amounts, outstanding debts, etc. and adjust the proceeds of such liquidation/close out, if any, against the client's liabilities/obligations. Any and all losses and financial charges on account of such liquidation/closing-out shall be charged to and borne by the client.
20. In the event of death or insolvency of the client or his/its otherwise becoming incapable of receiving and paying for or delivering or transferring securities which the client has ordered to be bought or sold, stock broker may close out the transaction of the client and claim losses, if any, against the estate of the client. The client or his nominees, successors, heirs and assignee shall be entitled to any surplus which may result there from. The client shall note that transfer of funds/securities in favor of a Nominee shall be valid discharge by the stock broker against the legal heir.
21. The stock broker shall bring to the notice of the relevant Exchange the information about default in payment/delivery and related aspects by a client. In case where defaulting client is a corporate entity/ partnership/proprietary firm or any other artificial legal entity, then the name(s) of Director(s)/ Promoter(s)/ Partner(s)/ Proprietor as the case may be, shall also be communicated by the stock broker to the relevant Exchange(s).

**DISPUTE RESOLUTION**

22. The stock broker shall provide the client with the relevant contact details of the concerned Exchanges and SEBI.
23. The stock broker shall co-operate in redressing grievances of the client in respect of all transactions routed through it and in removing objections for bad delivery of shares, rectification of bad delivery, etc.
24. The client and the stock broker shall refer any claims and/or disputes with respect to deposits, margin money, etc., to arbitration as per the Rules, Byelaws and Regulations of the Exchanges where the trade is executed and circulars/notices issued thereunder as may be in force from time to time.
25. The stock broker shall ensure faster settlement of any arbitration proceedings arising out of the transactions entered into between him vis-à-vis the client and he shall be liable to implement the arbitration awards made in such proceedings.
26. The client/stock-broker understands that the instructions issued by an authorized representative for dispute resolution,

if any, of the client/stock-broker shall be binding on the client/stock-broker in accordance with the letter authorizing the said representative to deal on behalf of the said client/stock-broker.

**TERMINATION OF RELATIONSHIP**

27. This relationship between the stock broker and the client shall be terminated; if the stock broker for any reason ceases to be a member of the stock exchange including cessation of membership by reason of the stock broker's default, death, resignation or expulsion or if the certificate is cancelled by the Board.
28. The stock broker, sub-broker and the client shall be entitled to terminate the relationship between them without giving any reasons to the other party, after giving notice in writing of not less than one month to the other parties. Notwithstanding any such termination, all rights, liabilities and obligations of the parties arising out of or in respect of transactions entered into prior to the termination of this relationship shall continue to subsist and vest in/be binding on the respective parties or his/its respective heirs, executors, administrators, legal representatives or successors, as the case may be.
29. In the event of demise/insolvency of the authorized person or the cancellation of his/its registration with the Board or/withdrawal of recognition of the authorized person by the stock exchange and/or termination of the agreement with the sub broker by the stock broker, for any reason whatsoever, the client shall be informed of such termination and the client shall be deemed to be the direct client of the stock broker and all clauses in the 'Rights and Obligations' document(s) governing the stock broker, authorized person and client shall continue to be in force as it is, unless the client intimates to the stock broker his/its intention to terminate their relationship by giving a notice in writing of not less than one month.

**ADDITIONAL RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS**

30. The stock broker shall ensure due protection to the client regarding client's rights to dividends, rights or bonus shares, etc. in respect of transactions routed through it and it shall not do anything which is likely to harm the interest of the client with whom and for whom they may have had transactions in securities.
31. The stock broker and client shall reconcile and settle their accounts from time to time as per the Rules, Regulations, Bye Laws, Circulars, Notices and Guidelines issued by SEBI and the relevant Exchanges where the trade is executed.
32. The stock broker shall issue a contract note to his constituents for trades executed in such format as may be prescribed by the Exchange from time to time containing records of all transactions including details of order number, trade number, trade time, trade price, trade quantity, details of the derivatives contract, client code, brokerage, all charges levied etc. and with all other relevant details as required therein to be filled in and issued in such manner and within such time as prescribed by the Exchange. The stock broker shall send contract notes to the investors within one working day of the execution of the trades in hard copy and/or in electronic form using digital signature.

33. The stock broker shall make pay out of funds or delivery of securities, as the case may be, to the Client within one working day of receipt of the payout from the relevant Exchange where the trade is executed unless otherwise specified by the client and subject to such terms and conditions as may be prescribed by the relevant Exchange from time to time where the trade is executed.
34. The stock broker shall send a complete 'Statement of Accounts' for both funds and securities in respect of each of its clients in such periodicity and format within such time, as may be prescribed by the relevant Exchange, from time to time, where the trade is executed. The Statement shall also state that the client shall report errors, if any, in the Statement within such time as may be prescribed by the relevant Exchange from time to time where the trade was executed, from the receipt thereof to the Stock broker.
35. The stock broker shall send daily margin statements to the clients. Daily Margin statement should include, inter-alia, details of collateral deposited, collateral utilized and collateral status (available balance/due from client) with break up in terms of cash, Fixed Deposit Receipts (FDRs), Bank Guarantee and securities.
36. The Client shall ensure that it has the required legal capacity to, and is authorized to, enter into the relationship with stock broker and is capable of performing his obligations and undertakings hereunder. All actions required to be taken to ensure compliance of all the transactions, which the Client may enter into shall be completed by the Client prior to such transaction being entered into.
37. Any stamp duty payable on the trades executed on behalf of the client will be the sole liability of the client only and the client will be responsible to pay the same to the revenue authorities.

**ELECTRONIC CONTRACT NOTES (ECN)**

38. In case, client opts to receive the contract note in electronic form, he shall provide an appropriate e-mail id to the stock broker. The client shall communicate to the stock broker any change in the email-id through a physical letter. If the client has opted for internet trading, the request for change of email id may be made through the secured access by way of client specific user id and password.
39. The stock broker shall ensure that all ECNs sent through the e-mail shall be digitally signed, encrypted, non-tamper able and in compliance with the provisions of the IT Act, 2000. In case, ECN is sent through e-mail as an attachment, the attached file shall also be secured with the digital signature, encrypted and non-tamperable.
40. The client shall note that non-receipt of bounced mail notification by the stock broker shall amount to delivery of the contract note at the e-mail ID of the client.
41. The stock broker shall retain ECN and acknowledgement of the e-mail in a soft and non-tamperable form in the manner prescribed by the exchange in compliance with the provisions of the IT Act, 2000 and as per the extant rules/regulations/circulars/guidelines issued by SEBI/Stock Exchanges from time to time. The proof of delivery i.e., log report generated by the system at the time of sending the contract notes shall be maintained by the stock broker for the specified period under the extant regulations of SEBI/stock exchanges. The log

report shall provide the details of the contract notes that are not delivered to the client/e-mails rejected or bounced back.

The stock broker shall take all possible steps to ensure receipt of notification of bounced mails by him at all times within the stipulated time period under the extant regulations of SEBI/stock exchanges.

42. The stock broker shall continue to send contract notes in the physical mode to such clients who do not opt to receive the contract notes in the electronic form. Wherever the ECNs have not been delivered to the client or has been rejected (bouncing of mails) by the e-mail ID of the client, the stock broker shall send a physical contract note to the client within the stipulated time under the extant regulations of SEBI/stock exchanges and maintain the proof of delivery of such physical contract notes.
43. In addition to the e-mail communication of the ECNs to the client, the stock broker shall simultaneously publish the ECN on his designated web-site, if any, in a secured way and enable relevant access to the clients and for this purpose, shall allot a unique user name and password to the client, with an option to the client to save the contract note electronically and/or take a print out of the same.

**LAW AND JURISDICTION**

44. In addition to the specific rights set out in this document, the stock broker, sub-broker and the client shall be entitled to exercise any other rights which the stock broker or the client may have under the Rules, Bye-laws and Regulations of the Exchanges in which the client chooses to trade and circulars/notices issued thereunder or Rules and Regulations of SEBI.
45. The provisions of this document shall always be subject to Government notifications, any rules, regulations, guidelines and circulars/notices issued by SEBI and Rules, Regulations and Bye laws of the relevant stock exchanges, where the trade is executed, that may be in force from time to time.
46. The stock broker and the client shall abide by any award passed by the Arbitrator(s) under the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996. However, there is also a provision of appeal within the stock exchanges, if either party is not satisfied with the arbitration award.
47. Words and expressions which are used in this document but which are not defined herein shall, unless the context otherwise requires, have the same meaning as assigned thereto in the Rules, Byelaws and Regulations and circulars/notices issued thereunder of the Exchanges/SEBI.
48. All additional voluntary clauses/document added by the stock broker should not be in contravention with rules/regulations/notices/ circulars of Exchanges/SEBI. Any changes in such voluntary clauses/document(s) need to be preceded by a notice of 15 days. Any changes in the rights and obligations which are specified by Exchanges/SEBI shall also be brought to the notice of the clients.
49. If the rights and obligations of the parties hereto are altered by virtue of change in Rules and regulations of SEBI or Bye-laws, Rules and Regulations of the relevant stock Exchanges where the trade is executed, such changes shall be deemed to have been incorporated herein in modification of the rights and obligations of the parties mentioned in this document.

**INTERNET & WIRELESS TECHNOLOGY BASED TRADING FACILITY  
PROVIDED BY STOCK BROKERS TO CLIENT**

**(All the clauses mentioned in the 'Rights and Obligations' document(s) shall be applicable.  
Additionally, the clauses mentioned herein shall also be applicable.)**

1. Stock broker is eligible for providing Internet based trading (IBT) and securities trading through the use of wireless technology that shall include the use of devices such as mobile phone, laptop with data card, etc. which use Internet Protocol (IP). The stock broker shall comply with all requirements applicable to internet based trading/securities trading using wireless technology as may be specified by SEBI & the Exchanges from time to time.
2. The client is desirous of investing/trading in securities and for this purpose, the client is desirous of using either the internet based trading facility or the facility for securities trading through use of wireless technology. The Stock broker shall provide the Stock broker's IBT Service to the Client, and the Client shall avail of the Stock broker's IBT Service, on and subject to SEBI/Exchanges Provisions and the terms and conditions specified on the Stock broker's IBT Web Site provided that they are in line with the norms prescribed by Exchanges/SEBI.
3. The stock broker shall bring to the notice of client the features, risks, responsibilities, obligations and liabilities associated with securities trading through wireless technology/internet /smart order routing or any other technology should be brought to the notice of the client by the stock broker.
4. The stock broker shall make the client aware that the Stock Broker's IBT system itself generates the initial password and its password policy as stipulated in line with norms prescribed by Exchanges/SEBI.
5. The Client shall be responsible for keeping the Username and Password confidential and secure and shall be solely responsible for all orders entered and transactions done by any person whosoever through the Stock broker's IBT System using the Client's Username and/or Password whether or not such person was authorized to do so. Also the client is aware that authentication technologies and strict security measures are required for the internet trading/ securities trading through wireless technology through order routed system and undertakes to ensure that the password of the client and/or his authorized representative are not revealed to any third party including employees and dealers of the stock broker.
6. The Client shall immediately notify the Stock broker in writing if he forgets his password, discovers security flaw in Stock Broker's IBT System, discovers/suspects discrepancies/ unauthorized access through his username /password/ account with full details of such unauthorized use, the date, the manner and the transactions effected pursuant to such unauthorized use, etc.
7. The Client is fully aware of and understands the risks associated with availing of a service for routing orders over the internet/securities trading through wireless technology and Client shall be fully liable and responsible for any and all acts done in the Client's Username/ password in any manner whatsoever.
8. The stock broker shall send the order/trade confirmation through email to the client at his request. The client is aware that the order/ trade confirmation is also provided on the web portal. In case client is trading using wireless technology, the stock broker shall send the order/trade confirmation on the device of the client.
9. The client is aware that trading over the internet involves many uncertain factors and complex hardware, software, systems, communication lines, peripherals, etc. are susceptible to interruptions and dislocations. The Stock broker and the Exchange do not make any representation or warranty that the Stock broker's IBT Service will be available to the Client at all times without any interruption.
10. The Client shall not have any claim against the Exchange or the Stock broker on account of any suspension, interruption, non-availability or malfunctioning of the Stock broker's IBT System or Service or the Exchange's service or systems or non-execution of his orders due to any link/system failure at the Client/Stock brokers/ Exchange end for any reason beyond the control of the stock broker/Exchanges.

## RISK DISCLOSURE DOCUMENT FOR CAPITAL MARKET AND DERIVATIVES SEGMENTS

This document contains important information on trading in Equities/Derivatives Segments of the stock exchanges. All prospective constituents should read this document before trading in Equities/Derivatives Segments of the Exchanges.

Stock exchanges/SEBI does neither singly or jointly and expressly nor impliedly guarantee nor make any representation concerning the completeness, the adequacy or accuracy of this disclosure document nor have Stock exchanges /SEBI endorsed or passed any merits of participating in the trading segments. This brief statement does not disclose all the risks and other significant aspects of trading.

In the light of the risks involved, you should undertake transactions only if you understand the nature of the relationship into which you are entering and the extent of your exposure to risk.

You must know and appreciate that trading in Equity shares, derivatives contracts or other instruments traded on the Stock Exchange, which have varying element of risk, is generally not an appropriate avenue for someone of limited resources/limited investment and/or trading experience and low risk tolerance. You should therefore carefully consider whether such trading is suitable for you in the light of your financial condition. In case you trade on Stock exchanges and suffer adverse consequences or loss, you shall be solely responsible for the same and Stock exchanges/its Clearing Corporation and/or SEBI shall not be responsible, in any manner whatsoever, for the same and it will not be open for you to take a plea that no adequate disclosure regarding the risks involved was made or that you were not explained the full risk involved by the concerned stock broker. The constituent shall be solely responsible for the consequences and no contract can be rescinded on that account. You must acknowledge and accept that there can be no guarantee of profits or no exception from losses while executing orders for purchase and/or sale of a derivative contract being traded on Stock exchanges.

It must be clearly understood by you that your dealings on Stock exchanges through a stock broker shall be subject to your fulfilling certain formalities set out by the stock broker, which may inter alia include your filling the know your client form, reading the rights and obligations, do's and don'ts, etc., and are subject to the Rules, Byelaws and Regulations of relevant Stock exchanges, its Clearing Corporation, guidelines prescribed by SEBI and in force from time to time and Circulars as may be issued by Stock exchanges or its Clearing Corporation and in force from time to time.

Stock exchanges does not provide or purport to provide any advice and shall not be liable to any person who enters into any business relationship with any stock broker of Stock exchanges and/or any third party based on any information contained in this document. Any information contained in this document must not be construed as business advice. No consideration to trade should be made without thoroughly understanding and reviewing the risks involved in such trading. If you are unsure, you must seek professional advice on the same.

In considering whether to trade or authorize someone to trade for you, you should be aware of or must get acquainted with the following:-

### 1. BASIC RISKS:

#### 1.1 Risk of Higher Volatility:

Volatility refers to the dynamic changes in price that a security/derivatives contract undergoes when trading activity continues on the Stock Exchanges. Generally, higher the volatility of a security/derivatives contract, greater is its price swings. There may be normally greater volatility in thinly traded securities / derivatives contracts than in active securities /derivatives contracts. As a result of volatility, your order may only be partially executed or not executed at all, or the price at which your order got executed may be substantially different from the last traded price or change substantially thereafter, resulting in notional or real losses.

#### 1.2 Risk of Lower Liquidity:

Liquidity refers to the ability of market participants to buy and/or sell securities / derivatives contracts expeditiously at a competitive price and with minimal price difference. Generally, it is assumed that more the numbers of orders available in a market, greater is the liquidity. Liquidity is important because with greater liquidity, it is easier for investors to buy and/or sell securities / derivatives contracts swiftly and with minimal price difference, and as a result, investors are more likely to pay or receive a competitive price for securities / derivatives contracts purchased or sold. There may be a risk of lower liquidity in some securities / derivatives contracts as compared to active securities / derivatives contracts. As a result, your order may only be partially executed, or may be executed with relatively greater price difference or may not be executed at all.

1.2.1 Buying or selling securities / derivatives contracts as part of a day trading strategy may also result into losses, because in such a situation, securities / derivatives contracts may have to be sold / purchased at low / high prices, compared to the expected price levels, so as not to have any open position or obligation to deliver or receive a security / derivatives contract.

#### 1.3 Risk of Wider Spreads:

Spread refers to the difference in best buy price and best sell price. It represents the differential between the price of buying a security / derivatives contract and immediately selling it or vice versa. Lower liquidity and higher volatility may result in wider than normal spreads for less liquid or illiquid securities / derivatives contracts. This in turn will hamper better price formation.

**1.4 Risk-reducing orders:**

The placing of orders (e.g., "stop loss" orders, or "limit" orders) which are intended to limit losses to certain amounts may not be effective many a time because rapid movement in market conditions may make it impossible to execute such orders.

- 1.4.1 A "market" order will be executed promptly, subject to availability of orders on opposite side, without regard to price and that, while the customer may receive a prompt execution of a "market" order, the execution may be at available prices of outstanding orders, which satisfy the order quantity, on price time priority. It may be understood that these prices may be significantly different from the last traded price or the best price in that security / derivatives contract.
- 1.4.2 A "limit" order will be executed only at the "limit" price specified for the order or a better price. However, while the customer receives price protection, there is a possibility that the order may not be executed at all.
- 1.4.3 A stop loss order is generally placed "away" from the current price of a stock / derivatives contract, and such order gets activated if and when the security / derivatives contract reaches, or trades through, the stop price. Sell stop orders are entered ordinarily below the current price, and buy stop orders are entered ordinarily above the current price. When the security / derivatives contract reaches the pre-determined price, or trades through such price, the stop loss order converts to a market/limit order and is executed at the limit or better. There is no assurance therefore that the limit order will be executable since a security / derivatives contract might penetrate the pre-determined price, in which case, the risk of such order not getting executed arises, just as with a regular limit order.

**1.5 Risk of News Announcements:**

News announcements that may impact the price of stock / derivatives contract may occur during trading, and when combined with lower liquidity and higher volatility, may suddenly cause an unexpected positive or negative movement in the price of the security / contract.

**1.6 Risk of Rumors:**

Rumors about companies / currencies at times float in the market through word of mouth, newspapers, websites or news agencies, etc. The investors should be wary of and should desist from acting on rumors.

**1.7 System Risk:**

High volume trading will frequently occur at the market opening and before market close. Such high volumes may also occur at any point in the day. These may cause delays in order execution or confirmation.

1.7.1 During periods of volatility, on account of market participants continuously modifying their order quantity or prices or placing fresh orders, there may be delays in order execution and its confirmations.

1.7.2 Under certain market conditions, it may be difficult or impossible to liquidate a position in the market at a reasonable price or at all, when there are no outstanding orders either on the buy side or the sell side, or if trading is halted in a security / derivatives contract due to any action on account of unusual trading activity or security / derivatives contract hitting circuit filters or for any other reason.

**1.8 System/Network Congestion:**

Trading on exchanges is in electronic mode, based on satellite/leased line based communications, combination of technologies and computer systems to place and route orders. Thus, there exists a possibility of communication failure or system problems or slow or delayed response from system or trading halt, or any such other problem/glitch whereby not being able to establish access to the trading system/network, which may be beyond control and may result in delay in processing or not processing buy or sell orders either in part or in full. You are cautioned to note that although these problems may be temporary in nature, but when you have outstanding open positions or unexecuted orders, these represent a risk because of your obligations to settle all executed transactions.

**2. As far as Derivatives segments are concerned, please note and get yourself acquainted with the following additional features:-****2.1 Effect of "Leverage" or "Gearing":**

In the derivatives market, the amount of margin is small relative to the value of the derivatives contract so the transactions are 'leveraged' or 'geared'. Derivatives trading, which is conducted with a relatively small amount of margin, provides the possibility of great profit or loss in comparison with the margin amount. But transactions in derivatives carry a high degree of risk.

You should therefore completely understand the following statements before actually trading in derivatives and also trade with caution while taking into account one's circumstances, financial resources, etc. If the prices move against you, you may lose a part of or whole margin amount in a relatively short period of time. Moreover, the loss may exceed the original margin amount.

- A. Futures trading involve daily settlement of all positions. Every day the open positions are marked to market based on the closing level of the index / derivatives contract. If the contract has moved against you, you will be required to deposit the amount of loss (notional) resulting from such movement. This amount will have to be paid within a stipulated time frame, generally before commencement of trading on next day.

- B. If you fail to deposit the additional amount by the deadline or if an outstanding debt occurs in your account, the stock broker may liquidate a part of or the whole position or substitute securities. In this case, you will be liable for any losses incurred due to such close-outs.
- C. Under certain market conditions, an investor may find it difficult or impossible to execute transactions. For example, this situation can occur due to factors such as illiquidity i.e. when there are insufficient bids or offers or suspension of trading due to price limit or circuit breakers etc.
- D. In order to maintain market stability, the following steps may be adopted: changes in the margin rate, increases in the cash margin rate or others. These new measures may also be applied to the existing open interests. In such conditions, you will be required to put up additional margins or reduce your positions.
- E. You must ask your broker to provide the full details of derivatives contracts you plan to trade i.e. the contract specifications and the associated obligations.
2. The Exchanges may impose exercise restrictions and have absolute authority to restrict the exercise of options at certain times in specified circumstances.

#### 2.4 Risks of Option Writers:

1. If the price movement of the underlying is not in the anticipated direction, the option writer runs the risks of losing substantial amount.
2. The risk of being an option writer may be reduced by the purchase of other options on the same underlying interest and thereby assuming a spread position or by acquiring other types of hedging positions in the options markets or other markets. However, even where the writer has assumed a spread or other hedging position, the risks may still be significant. A spread position is not necessarily less risky than a simple 'long' or 'short' position.
3. Transactions that involve buying and writing multiple options in combination, or buying or writing options in combination with buying or selling short the underlying interests, present additional risks to investors. Combination transactions, such as option spreads, are more complex than buying or writing a single option. And it should be further noted that, as in any area of investing, a complexity not well understood is, in itself, a risk factor. While this is not to suggest that combination strategies should not be considered, it is advisable, as is the case with all investments in options, to consult with someone who is experienced and knowledgeable with respect to the risks and potential rewards of combination transactions under various market circumstances.

#### 3. TRADING THROUGH WIRELESS TECHNOLOGY / SMART ORDER ROUTING OR ANY OTHER TECHNOLOGY:

Any additional provisions defining the features, risks, responsibilities, obligations and liabilities associated with securities trading through wireless technology/ smart order routing or any other technology should be brought to the notice of the client by the stock broker.

#### 4. GENERAL

- 4.1 The term 'constituent' shall mean and include a client, a customer or an investor, who deals with a stock broker for the purpose of acquiring and/or selling of securities / derivatives contracts through the mechanism provided by the Exchanges.
- 4.2 The term 'stock broker' shall mean and include a stock broker, a broker or a stock broker, who has been admitted as such by the Exchanges and who holds a registration certificate from SEBI.

#### 2.2 Currency specific risks:

1. The profit or loss in transactions in foreign currency-denominated contracts, whether they are traded in your own or another jurisdiction, will be affected by fluctuations in currency rates where there is a need to convert from the currency denomination of the contract to another currency.
2. Under certain market conditions, you may find it difficult or impossible to liquidate a position. This can occur, for example when a currency is deregulated or fixed trading bands are widened.
3. Currency prices are highly volatile. Price movements for currencies are influenced by, among other things: changing supply-demand relationships; trade, fiscal, monetary, exchange control programs and policies of governments; foreign political and economic events and policies; changes in national and international interest rates and inflation; currency devaluation; and sentiment of the market place. None of these factors can be controlled by any individual advisor and no assurance can be given that an advisor's advice will result in profitable trades for a participating customer or that a customer will not incur losses from such events.

#### 2.3 Risk of Option holders:

1. An option holder runs the risk of losing the entire amount paid for the option in a relatively short period of time. This risk reflects the nature of an option as a wasting asset which becomes worthless when it expires. An option holder who neither sells his option in the secondary market nor exercises it prior to its expiration will necessarily lose his entire investment in the option. If the price of the underlying does not change in the anticipated direction before the option expires, to an extent sufficient to cover the cost of the option, the investor may lose all or a significant part of his investment in the option.

## GUIDANCE NOTE - DO'S AND DON'Ts FOR TRADING ON THE EXCHANGE(S) FOR INVESTORS

### BEFORE YOU BEGIN TO TRADE

1. Ensure that you deal with and through only SEBI registered intermediaries. You may check their SEBI registration certificate number from the list available on the Stock exchanges websites (www.nseindia.com, www.bseindia.com, www.msei.in) and SEBI website www.sebi.gov.in.
2. Ensure that you fill the KYC form completely and strike off the blank fields in the KYC form.
3. Ensure that you have read all the mandatory documents viz. Rights and Obligations, Risk Disclosure Document, Policy and Procedure document of the stock broker.
4. Ensure to read, understand and then sign the voluntary clauses, if any, agreed between you and the stock broker. Note that the clauses as agreed between you and the stock broker cannot be changed without your consent.
5. Get a clear idea about all brokerage, commissions, fees and other charges levied by the broker on you for trading and the relevant provisions/ guidelines specified by SEBI/Stock exchanges.
6. Obtain a copy of all the documents executed by you from the stock broker free of charge.
7. In case you wish to execute Power of Attorney (POA) in favour of the Stock broker, authorizing it to operate your bank and demat account, please refer to the guidelines issued by SEBI/Exchanges in this regard.
12. Note that facility of Trade Verification is available on stock exchanges' websites, where details of trade as mentioned in the contract note may be verified. Where trade details on the website do not tally with the details mentioned in the contract note, immediately get in touch with the Investors Grievance Cell of the relevant Stock exchange.
13. In case you have given specific authorization for maintaining running account, payout of funds or delivery of securities (as the case may be), may not be made to you within one working day from the receipt of payout from the Exchange. Thus, the stock broker shall maintain running account for you subject to the following conditions:
  - a) Such authorization from you shall be dated, signed by you only and contains the clause that you may revoke the same at any time.
  - b) The actual settlement of funds and securities shall be done by the stock broker, at least once in a calendar quarter or month, depending on your preference. While settling the account, the stock broker shall send to you a 'statement of accounts' containing an extract from the client ledger for funds and an extract from the register of securities displaying all the receipts/deliveries of funds and securities. The statement shall also explain the retention of funds and securities and the details of the pledged shares, if any.
  - c) On the date of settlement, the stock broker may retain the requisite securities/funds towards outstanding obligations and may also retain the funds expected to be required to meet derivatives margin obligations for next 5 trading days, calculated in the manner specified by the exchanges. In respect of cash market transactions, the stock broker may retain entire pay-in obligation of funds and securities due from clients as on date of settlement and for next day's business, he may retain funds/ securities/margin to the extent of value of transactions executed on the day of such settlement in the cash market.
  - d) You need to bring any dispute arising from the statement of account or settlement so made to the notice of the stock broker in writing preferably within 7 (seven) working days from the date of receipt of funds/securities or statement, as the case may be. In case of dispute, refer the matter in writing to the Investors Grievance Cell of the relevant Stock exchanges without delay.

### TRANSACTIONS AND SETTLEMENTS

8. The stock broker may issue electronic contract notes (ECN) if specifically authorized by you in writing. You should provide your email id to the stock broker for the same. Don't opt for ECN if you are not familiar with computers.
9. Don't share your internet trading account's password with anyone.
10. Don't make any payment in cash to the stock broker.
11. Make the payments by account payee cheque in favour of the stock broker. Don't issue cheques in the name of sub-broker. Ensure that you have a documentary proof of your payment/deposit of securities with the stock broker, stating date, scrip, quantity, towards which bank/ demat account such money or securities deposited and from which bank/ demat account.

## **EQUITY**

14. In case you have not opted for maintaining running account and pay-out of funds/securities is not received on the next working day of the receipt of payout from the exchanges, please refer the matter to the stock broker. In case there is dispute, ensure that you lodge a complaint in writing immediately with the Investors Grievance Cell of the relevant Stock exchange.
15. Please register your mobile number and email id with the stock broker, to receive trade confirmation alerts/ details of the transactions through SMS or email, by the end of the trading day, from the stock exchanges.

### **IN CASE OF TERMINATION OF TRADING MEMBERSHIP**

16. In case, a stock broker surrenders his membership, is expelled from membership or declared a defaulter; Stock exchanges gives a public notice inviting claims relating to only the "transactions executed on the trading system" of Stock exchange, from the investors. Ensure that you lodge a claim with the relevant Stock exchanges within the stipulated period and with the supporting documents.
17. Familiarize yourself with the protection accorded to the money and/or securities you may deposit with your stock broker, particularly in the event of a default or the stock broker's

insolvency or bankruptcy and the extent to which you may recover such money and/or securities may be governed by the Bye-laws and Regulations of the relevant Stock exchange where the trade was executed and the scheme of the Investors' Protection Fund in force from time to time.

### **DISPUTES/ COMPLAINTS**

18. Please note that the details of the arbitration proceedings, penal action against the brokers and investor complaints against the stock brokers are displayed on the website of the relevant Stock exchange.
19. In case your issue/problem/grievance is not being sorted out by concerned stock broker/sub-broker then you may take up the matter with the concerned Stock exchange. If you are not satisfied with the resolution of your complaint then you can escalate the matter to SEBI.
20. Note that all the stock broker/sub-brokers have been mandated by SEBI to designate an e-mail ID of the grievance redressal division/ compliance officer exclusively for the purpose of registering complaints.

## RISK DISCLOSURE DOCUMENT

The Exchange does not expressly or impliedly, guarantee nor make any representation concerning the completeness, the adequacy or accuracy of this disclosure documents nor has the Exchange endorsed or passed any merits of participating in the Commodity Derivatives market/trading. This brief statement does not disclose all of the risks and other significant aspects of trading. You should, therefore, study derivatives trading carefully before becoming involved in it.

In the light of the risks involved, you should undertake transactions only if you understand the nature of the contractual relationship into which you are entering and the extent of your exposure to risk.

You must know and appreciate that investment in commodity futures contracts/ derivatives or other instruments traded on the Commodity Exchange(s), which have varying element of risk, is generally not an appropriate avenue for someone of limited resources/ limited investment and/ or trading experience and low risk tolerance. You should, therefore, carefully consider whether such trading is suitable for you in the light of your financial condition. In case, you trade on the Exchange and suffer adverse consequences or loss, you shall be solely responsible for the same and the Exchange shall not be responsible, in any manner whatsoever, for the same and it will not be open for you to take the plea that no adequate disclosure regarding the risks involved was made or that you were not explained the full risk involved by the concerned member. The Client shall be solely responsible for the consequences and no contract can be rescinded on that account.

You must acknowledge and accept that there can be no guarantee of profits or no exception from losses while executing orders for purchase and/or sale of a commodity derivatives being traded on the Exchange.

It must be clearly understood by you that your dealings on the Exchange through a member shall be subject to your fulfilling certain formalities set out by the member, which may, *inter alia*, include your filing the know your client form, client registration form and are subject to Rules, Byelaws and Business Rules of the Exchange guidelines prescribed by SEBI from time to time and circulars as may be issued by the Exchange from time to time.

The Exchange does not provide or purport to provide any advice and shall not be liable to any person who enters into any business relationship with any member of the Exchange and/ or third party based on any information contained in this document. Any information contained in this document must not be construed as business advice/investment advice. No consideration to trade should be made without thoroughly understanding and reviewing the risks involved in such trading. If you are unsure, you must seek professional advice on the same.

In considering whether to trade, you should be aware of or must get acquainted with the following:-

### 1. **Basic Risks involved in the trading of Commodity Futures Contracts and other Commodity Derivatives Instruments on the Exchange.**

#### i. **Risk of Higher Volatility**

a. Volatility refers to the dynamic changes in price that commodity derivative contracts undergo when trading activity continues on the Commodity Exchange. Generally, higher the volatility of a commodity derivatives contract, greater is its price swings. There may be normally greater volatility in thinly traded commodity derivatives contracts than in actively traded commodities/ contracts. As a result of volatility, your order may only be partially executed or not executed at all, or the price at which your order got executed may be substantially different from the last traded price or change substantially thereafter, resulting in real losses.

#### ii. **Risk of Lower Liquidity**

a. Liquidity refers to the ability of market participants to buy and/ or sell commodity derivative contract expeditiously at a competitive price and with minimal price difference. Generally, it is assumed that more the number of orders available in a market, greater is the liquidity. Liquidity is important because with greater liquidity, it is easier for investors to buy and/ or sell commodity derivatives contracts swiftly and with minimal price difference and as a result, investors are more likely to pay or receive a competitive price for commodity derivative contracts purchased or sold. There may be a risk of lower liquidity in some commodity derivative contracts as compared to active commodity derivative contracts. As a result, your order may only be partially executed, or may be executed with relatively greater price difference or may not be execute at all.

b. Buying/ Selling without intention of giving and/ or taking delivery of certain commodities may also result into losses, because in such a situation, commodity derivative contracts may have to be squared-off at a low/ high prices, compared to the expected price levels, so as not to have any obligation to deliver/ receive such commodities.

#### iii. **Risk of Wider Spreads**

a. Spread refers to the difference in best buy price and best sell price. It represents the differential between the price of buying a commodity derivative and immediately selling it or *vice versa*. Lower liquidity and higher volatility may result in wider than normal spreads for less liquid or illiquid commodities/ commodity derivatives contracts. This in turn will hamper better price formation.

**iv. Risk-reducing orders**

- a. Most of the Exchanges have a facility for investors to place “limit orders”, “stop loss orders” etc. Placing of such orders (e.g. “stop loss” orders or “limit” orders) which are intended to limit losses to certain amounts may not be effective many a time because rapid movement in market conditions may make it impossible to execute such orders.
- b. A “market” order will be executed promptly, subject to availability of orders on opposite side, without regard to price and that while the customer may receive a prompt execution of a “market” order, the execution may be at available prices of outstanding orders, which satisfy the order quantity, on price time priority. It may be understood that these prices may be significantly different from the last traded price or the best price in that commodity derivatives contract.
- c. A “limit” order will be executed only at the “limit” price specified for the order or a better price. However, while the client received price protection, there is a possibility that the order may not be executed at all.
- d. A stop loss order is generally placed “away” from the current price of a commodity derivatives contract, and such order gets activated if and when the contract reaches, or trades through, the stop price. Sell stop orders are entered ordinarily below the current price, and buy stop orders are entered ordinarily above the current price. When the contract approaches pre-determined price, or trades through such price, the stop loss order converts to a market/limit order and is executed at the limit or better. There is no assurance therefore that the limit order will be executable since a contract might penetrate the pre-determined price, in which case, the risk of such order not getting executed arises, just as with a regular limit order.

**v. Risk of News Announcements**

- a. Traders/Manufacturers make news announcements that may impact the price of the commodities and/or commodity derivatives contracts. These announcements may occur during trading and when combined with lower liquidity and higher volatility may suddenly cause an unexpected positive or negative movement in the price of the commodity/ commodity derivatives contract.

**vi. Risk of Rumours**

- a. Rumours about the price of a commodity at times float in the market through word of mouth, newspaper, websites or news agencies, etc., the investors should be wary of and should desist from acting on rumours.

**vii. System Risk**

- a. High volume trading will frequently occur at the market opening and before market close. Such high volumes may also occur at any point in the day. These may cause delays in order execution or confirmation.

- b. During periods of volatility, on account of market participants continuously modifying their order quantity or prices or placing fresh orders, there may be delays in execution of order and its confirmation.
- c. Under certain market conditions, it may be difficult or impossible to liquidate a position in the market at a reasonable price or at all, when there are no outstanding orders either on the buy side or the sell side, or if trading is halted in a commodity due to any action on account of unusual trading activity or price hitting circuit filters or for any other reason.

**viii. System/ Network Congestion**

- a. Trading on the Exchange is in electronic mode, based on satellite/leased line communications, combination of technologies and computer systems to place and route orders. Thus, there exists a possibility of communication failure or system problems or slow or delayed response from system or trading halt, or any such other problem/glitch whereby not being able to establish access to the trading system/network, which may be beyond the control of and may result in delay in processing or not processing buy or sell orders either in part or in full. You are cautioned to note that although these problems may be temporary in nature, but when you have outstanding open positions or unexecuted orders, these represent a risk because of your obligations to settle all executed transactions.

**2. As far as Futures Commodity Derivatives are concerned, please note and get yourself acquainted with the following additional features:-****Effect of “Leverage” or “Gearing”:**

- a. The amount of margin is small relative to the value of the commodity derivatives contract so the transactions are ‘leveraged’ or ‘geared’. Commodity Derivatives trading, which is conducted with a relatively small amount of margin, provides the possibility of great profit or loss in comparison with the principal investment amount. But transactions in commodity derivatives carry a high degree of risk. You should therefore completely understand the following statements before actually trading in commodity derivatives contracts and also trade with caution while taking into account one’s circumstances, financial resources, etc.
- b. Trading in Futures Commodity Derivatives involves daily settlement of all positions. Every day the open positions are marked to market based on the closing price. If the closing price has moved against you, you will be required to deposit the amount of loss (notional) resulting from such movement. This margin will have to be paid within a stipulated time frame, generally before commencement of trading on the next day.

- c. If you fail to deposit the additional margin by the deadline or if an outstanding debt occurs in your account, the Member of the Exchange may liquidate square-up a part of or the whole position. In this case, you will be liable for any losses incurred due to such square-up/ Close Outs.
- d. Under certain market conditions, an Investor may find it difficult or impossible to execute the transactions. For example, this situation can occur due to factors such as illiquidity i.e. when there are insufficient bids or offers or suspension of trading due to price limit or circuit breakers etc.
- e. Steps, such as, changes in the margin rate, increase in the cash margin rate etc. may be adopted in order to maintain market stability. These new measures may be applied to the existing open interests. In such conditions, you will be required to put up additional margins or reduce your positions.
- f. You must ask your Member of the Exchange to provide the full details of the commodity derivatives contracts you plan to trade i.e. the contract specifications and the associated obligations.

### 3. TRADING THROUGH WIRELESS TECHNOLOGY OR ANY OTHER TECHNOLOGY:

Any additional provisions defining the features, risks, responsibilities, obligations and liabilities associated with commodities trading through wireless technology or any other technology should be brought to the notice of the client by the member.

### 4. GENERAL

#### i. Deposited cash and property:

You should familiarize yourself with the protections accorded to the money or other property you deposit particularly in the event of a firm become insolvent or bankrupt. The extent to which you may recover your money or property may be governed by specific legislation or local rules. In some jurisdictions, property, which has been specifically identifiable as your own, will be pro-rated in the same manner as cash for purposes of distribution in the event of a shortfall. In case of any dispute with the Member of the Exchange, the same shall be subject to arbitration as per the Rules, Bye-laws and Business Rules of the Exchange.

#### ii. Commission and other charges:

Before you begin to trade, you should obtain a clear explanation of all commissions, fees and other charges for which you will be liable. These charges will affect your net profit (if any) or increase your loss.

- iii. For rights and obligations of the Members/Authorised Persons/ clients, please refer to Annexure 3
- iv. The term 'Constituent' shall mean and include a Client, a Customer or an Investor, who deals with a member for the purpose of trading in the commodity derivatives through the mechanism provided by the Exchange.
- v. The term 'member' shall mean and include a Trading Member or a Member/Broker, who has been admitted as such by the Exchange and got a Registration Certificate from SEBI.

## ADDITIONAL RISK DISCLOSURE DOCUMENTS FOR OPTIONS TRADING

### Risk of Option holders:

- 1. An option holder runs the risk of losing the entire amount paid for the option in a relatively short period of time. This risk reflects the nature of an option as a wasting asset which becomes worthless when it expires. An option holder who neither sells his option in the secondary market nor exercises it prior to its expiration will necessarily lose his entire investment in the option. If the price of the underlying does not change in the anticipated direction before the option expires, to an extent sufficient to cover the cost of the option, the investor may lose all or a significant part of his investment in the option.
- 2. The Exchanges may impose exercise restrictions and have absolute authority to restrict the exercise of options at certain times in specified circumstances.

### Risks of Option Writers:

- 1. If the price movement of the underlying is not in the anticipated direction, the option writer runs the risks of losing substantial amount.
- 2. The risk of being an option writer may be reduced by the purchase of other options on the same underlying interest

and thereby assuming a spread position or by acquiring other types of hedging positions in the options markets or other markets. However, even where the writer has assumed a spread or other hedging position, the risks may still be significant. A spread position is not necessarily less risky than a simple 'long' or 'short' position.

- 3. Transactions that involve buying and writing multiple options in combination, or buying or writing options in combination with buying or selling short the underlying interests, present additional risks to investors. Combination transactions, such as option spreads, are more complex than buying or writing a single option. And it should be further noted that, as in any area of investing, a complexity not well understood is, in itself, a risk factor. While this is not to suggest that combination strategies should not be considered, it is advisable, as is the case with all investments in options, to consult with someone who is experienced and knowledgeable with respect to the risks and potential rewards of combination transactions under various market circumstances.

## RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF MEMBERS, AUTHORIZED PERSON AND CLIENTS

### as prescribed by SEBI and Commodity Exchanges

1. The client shall invest/trade in those commodities /contracts/other instruments admitted to dealings on the Exchanges as defined in the Rules, Byelaws and Business Rules/ Regulations of Exchanges/ Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) and circulars/notices issued there under from time to time.
2. The Member, Authorized Person and the client shall be bound by all the Rules, Byelaws and Business Rules of the Exchange and circulars/notices issued there under and Rules and Regulations of SEBI and relevant notifications of Government authorities as may be in force from time to time.
3. The client shall satisfy himself of the capacity of the Member to deal in commodities and/or deal in derivatives contracts and wishes to execute its orders through the Member and the client shall from time to time continue to satisfy itself of such capability of the Member before executing orders through the Member.
4. The Member shall continuously satisfy itself about the genuineness and financial soundness of the client and investment objectives relevant to the services to be provided.
5. The Member shall take steps to make the client aware of the precise nature of the Member's liability for business to be conducted, including any limitations, the liability and the capacity in which the Member acts.
6. Requirements of professional diligence
  - a. The Member must exercise professional diligence while entering into a financial contract or discharging any obligations under it.
  - b. "professional diligence" means the standard of skill and care that a Member would be reasonably expected to exercise towards a Client, commensurate with-
    - i. honest market practice;
    - ii. the principle of good faith;
    - iii. level of knowledge, experience and expertise of the Client;
    - iv. the nature and degree of risk embodied in the financial product\* or financial service being availed by the Client; and
    - v. the extent of dependence of the Client on the Member.
7. The Authorized Person shall provide necessary assistance and co-operate with the Member in all its dealings with the client(s).
8. The client shall furnish all such details in full as are required by the Member in "Account Opening Form" with supporting details, made mandatory by commodity exchanges/SEBI from time to time.
9. The client shall familiarize himself with all the mandatory provisions in the Account Opening documents. Any additional clauses or documents specified by the Member shall be non-mandatory; therefore, subject to specific acceptance by the client.
10. The client shall immediately notify the Member in writing if there is any change in the information in the 'account opening form' as provided at the time of account opening and thereafter; including the information on winding up petition/insolvency petition or any litigation which may have material bearing on his capacity. The client shall provide/update the financial information to the Member on a periodic basis.
11. A. Protection from unfair terms in financial contracts\*\*
  - a. An unfair term of a non-negotiated contract will be void.
  - b. A term is unfair if it–
    - i. causes a significant imbalance in the rights and obligations of the parties under the financial contract, to the detriment of the Client; and
    - ii. is not reasonably necessary to protect the legitimate interests of the Member.
  - c. The factors to be taken into account while determining whether a term is unfair, include–
    - i. the nature of the financial product or financial service dealt with under the financial contract;
    - ii. the extent of transparency of the term;
  - d. A term is transparent if it–
    - i. is expressed in reasonably plain language that is likely to be understood by the Client;
    - ii. is legible and presented clearly; and
    - iii. is readily available to the Client affected by the term.
  - e. If a term of a financial contract is determined to be unfair under point 11.A.c, the parties will continue to be bound by the remaining terms of the financial contract to the extent that the financial contract is capable of enforcement without the unfair term.
11. B.
  - a. "Non-negotiated contract" means a contract whose terms, other than the terms contained in point 11.C. (given below) are not negotiated between the parties to the financial contract and includes –
    - i. a financial contract in which, relative to the Client, the Member has a substantially greater bargaining power in determining terms of the financial contract; and
    - ii. a standard form contract.
  - b. "Standard form contract" means a financial contract that is substantially not negotiable for the Client, except for the terms contained in point 11.C.

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- c. Even if some terms of a financial contract are negotiated in form, the financial contract may be regarded as a non negotiated contract if so indicated by –
    - i. an overall and substantial assessment of the financial contract; and
    - ii. the substantial circumstances surrounding the financial contract
  - d. In a claim that a financial contract is a non-negotiated contract, the onus of demonstrating otherwise will be on the Member.
11. C.
- a. The above does not apply to a term of a financial contract if it –
    - i. defines the subject matter of the financial contract;
    - ii. sets the price that is paid, or payable, for the provision of the financial product or financial service under the financial contract and has been clearly disclosed to the Client; or
    - iii. is required, or expressly permitted, under any law or regulations.
  - b. The exemption under point 11.C does not apply to a term that deals with the payment of an amount which is contingent on the occurrence or non-occurrence of any particular event.
12. The Member and Authorized Person shall maintain all the details of the client as mentioned in the account opening form or any other information pertaining to the client, confidentially and that they shall not disclose the same to any person/authority except as required under any law/regulatory requirements. Provided however that the Member may so disclose information about his client to any person or authority with the express permission of the client.
13. A. Protection of personal information and confidentiality
- a. “Personal information” means any information that relates to a Client or allows a Client’s identity to be inferred, directly or indirectly, and includes –
    - i. name and contact information;
    - ii. biometric information, in case of individuals
    - iii. information relating to transactions in, or holdings of, financial products
    - iv. information relating to the use of financial services; or
    - v. such other information as may be specified.
13. B.
- a. A Member must –
    - i. not collect personal information relating to a Client in excess of what is required for the provision of a financial product or financial service;
    - ii. maintain the confidentiality of personal information relating to Clients and not disclose it to a third party, except in a manner expressly permitted under point 13.B.b.;
    - iii. make best efforts to ensure that any personal information relating to a Client that it holds is accurate, up to date and complete;
- iv. ensure that Clients can obtain reasonable access to their personal information, subject to any exceptions that the Regulator may specify; and
  - v. allow Clients an effective opportunity to seek modifications to their personal information to ensure that the personal information held by the Member is accurate, up to date and complete.
- b. A Member may disclose personal information relating to a Client to a third party only if –
    - i. it has obtained prior written informed consent of the Client for the disclosure, after giving the Client an effective opportunity to refuse consent;
    - ii. the Client has directed the disclosure to be made;
    - iii. the Regulator has approved or ordered the disclosure, and unless prohibited by the relevant law or regulations, the Client is given an opportunity to represent under such law or regulations against such disclosure;
    - iv. the disclosure is required under any law or regulations, and unless prohibited by such law or regulations, the Client is given an opportunity to represent under such law or regulations against such disclosure;
    - v. the disclosure is directly related to the provision of a financial product or financial service to the Client, if the Member –
      - 1. informs the Client in advance that the personal information may be shared with a third party; and
      - 2. makes arrangements to ensure that the third party maintains the confidentiality of the personal information in the same manner as required under this Part; or
    - vi. the disclosure is made to protect against or prevent actual or ed potential fraud, unauthorised transactions or claims, if the Member arranges with the third party to maintain the confidentiality of the personal information in the manner required under this Part.-
  - c. “Third party” means any person other than the concerned Member, including a person belonging to the same group as the Member.
- 14.A Requirement of fair disclosure both initially and on continuing basis
- a. Member must ensure fair disclosure of information that is likely to be required by a Client to make an informed transactional decision.
  - b. In order to constitute fair disclosure, the information must be provided –
    - i. sufficiently before the Client enters into a financial contract, so as to allow the Client reasonable time to understand the information;
    - ii. in writing and in a manner that is likely to be understood by a Client belonging to a particular category; and

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- iii. in a manner that enables the Client to make reasonable comparison of the financial product or financial service with other similar financial products or financial services.
- c. The types of information that must be disclosed to a Client in relation to a financial product or financial service, which may include information regarding –
  - i. main characteristics of the financial product or financial service, including its features, benefits and risks to the Client;
  - ii. consideration to be paid for the financial product or financial service or the manner in which the consideration is calculated;
  - iii. existence, exclusion or effect of any term in the financial product or financial contract;
  - iv. nature, attributes and rights of the Member, including its identity, regulatory status and affiliations;
  - v. contact details of the Member and the methods of communication to be used between the Member and the Client;
  - vi. rights of the Client to rescind a financial contract within a specified period; or
  - vii. rights of the Client under any law or regulations.

### 14.B.

- a. Member must provide a Client that is availing a financial product or financial service provided by it, with the following continuing disclosures –
  - i. any material change to the information that was required to be disclosed under point 14.A at the time when the Client initially availed the financial product or financial service;
  - ii. information relating to the status or performance of a financial product held by the Client, as may be required to assess the rights or interests in the financial product or financial service; and
  - iii. any other information that may be specified.
- b. A continuing disclosure must be made –
  - i. within a reasonable time-period from the occurrence of any material change or at reasonable periodic intervals, as applicable; and
  - ii. in writing and in a manner that is likely to be understood by a Client belonging to that category.

## MARGINS

- 15. The client shall pay applicable initial margins, withholding margins, special margins or such other margins as are considered necessary by the Member or the Exchange or as may be directed by SEBI from time to time as applicable to the segment(s) in which the client trades. The Member is permitted in its sole and absolute discretion to collect additional margins (even though not required by the Exchange or SEBI) and the client shall be obliged to pay such margins within the stipulated time.
- 16. The client understands that payment of margins by the client does not necessarily imply complete satisfaction of all dues.

In spite of consistently having paid margins, the client may, on the settlement of its trade, be obliged to pay (or entitled to receive) such further sums as the contract may dictate/require.

## TRANSACTIONS AND SETTLEMENTS

- 17. The client shall give any order for buy or sell of commodities derivatives contract in writing or in such form or manner, as may be mutually agreed between the client and the Member however ensuring the regulatory requirements in this regard are complied with. The Member shall ensure to place orders and execute the trades of the client, only in the Unique Client Code assigned to that client.
- 18. The Member shall inform the client and keep him apprised about trading/settlement cycles, delivery/payment schedules, any changes therein from time to time, and it shall be the responsibility in turn of the client to comply with such schedules procedures of the relevant commodity exchange where the trade is executed.
- 19. The Member shall ensure that the money deposited by the client shall be kept in a separate account, distinct from his/its own account or account of any other client and shall not be used by the Member for himself/itself or for any other client or for any purpose other than the purposes mentioned in Rules, circulars, notices, guidelines of SEBI and/or Rules, Business Rules, Bye-laws, circulars and notices of Exchange.
- 20. Where the Exchange(s) cancels trade(s) suo moto all such trades including the trade/s done on behalf of the client shall ipso facto stand cancelled, Member shall be entitled to cancel the respective contract(s) with client(s).
- 21. The transactions executed on the Exchange are subject to Rules, Byelaws and Business Rules and circulars/notices issued thereunder of the Exchanges where the trade is executed and all parties to such trade shall have submitted to the jurisdiction of such court as may be specified by the Byelaws and Business Rules of the Exchanges where the trade is executed for the purpose of giving effect to the provisions of the Rules, Byelaws and Business Rules of the Exchanges and the circulars/ notices issued thereunder.

## BROKERAGE

- 22. The Client shall pay to the Member brokerage and statutory levies as are prevailing from time to time and as they apply to the Client's account, transactions and to the services that Member renders to the Client. The Member shall not charge brokerage more than the maximum brokerage permissible as per the Rules, Business Rules and Bye-laws of the relevant commodity exchanges and/or Rules of SEBI.

## LIQUIDATION AND CLOSE OUT OF POSITION

- 23. Without prejudice to the Member's other rights (including the right to refer a matter to arbitration), the client understands that the Member shall be entitled to liquidate/close out all or any of the client's positions for non-payment of margins or other amounts, outstanding debts, etc. and adjust the proceeds of such liquidation/close out, if any, against the client's liabilities/obligations. Any and all losses and financial

charges on account of such liquidation/closing-out shall be charged to and borne by the client.

24. In the event of death or in solvency of the client or his/its otherwise becoming incapable of receiving and paying for or delivering or transferring commodities which the client has ordered to be bought or sold, Member may close out the transaction of the client and claim losses, if any, against the estate of the client. The client or his nominees, successors, heirs and assignee shall be entitled to any surplus which may result there from. The client shall note that transfer of funds/commodities in favor of a Nominee shall be valid discharge by the Member against the legal heir.

**DISPUTE RESOLUTION**

25. The Member shall co-operate in redressing grievances of the client in respect of all transactions routed through it.
26. The client and the Member shall refer any claims and/or disputes with respect to deposits, margin money, etc., to arbitration as per the Rules, Byelaws and Business Rules of the Exchanges where the trade is executed and circulars/notices issued thereunder as may be in force from time to time.
27. The client/Member understands that the instructions issued by an authorized representative for dispute resolution, if any, of the client/Member shall be binding on the client/Member in accordance with the letter authorizing the said representative to deal on behalf of the said client/Member.
28. Requirement for each Member to have an effective grievance redress mechanism which is accessible to all its Clients
- a. A Member must have in place an effective mechanism to receive and redress complaints from its Clients in relation to financial products or financial services provided by it, or on its behalf, in a prompt and fair manner.
  - b. A Member must inform a Client, at the commencement of relationship with the Client and at such other time when the information is likely to be required by the Client, of –
    - i. the Client's right to seek redress for any complaints; and
    - ii. the processes followed by the Member to receive and redress complaints from its Clients.

**29. A. Suitability of advice for the Client**

Right to receive advice that is suitable taking into account the relevant personal circumstances of the Client, such as the Client's financial circumstances and needs. This obligation would apply to persons who render advice to Clients and the regulator may specify categories of financial products and service that necessarily require such advice to be given.

- a. A Member must –
  - i. make all efforts to obtain correct and adequate information about the relevant personal circumstances of a Client; and
  - ii. ensure that the advice given is suitable for the Client after due consideration of the relevant personal circumstances of the Client.

- b. If it is reasonably apparent to the Member that the available information regarding the relevant personal circumstances of a Client is incomplete or inaccurate, the Member must warn the Client of the consequences of proceeding on the basis of incomplete or inaccurate information.
- c. If a Client intends to avail of a financial product or financial service that the Member determines unsuitable for the Client, the Member –
  - i. must clearly communicate its advice to the Client in writing and in a manner that is likely to be understood by the Client; and
  - ii. may provide the financial product or financial service requested by the Client only after complying with point 29.A. a and obtaining a written acknowledgement from the Client.

**30. Dealing with conflict of interest**

In case of any conflict between the interests of a Client and that of the Member, preference must be given to the Client interests.

- a. A member must –
  - i. provide a Client with information regarding any conflict of interests, including any conflicted remuneration that the Member has received or expects to receive for making the advice to the Client; and
  - ii. give priority to the interests of the Client if the Member knows, or reasonably ought to know, of a conflict between –
    1. its own interests and the interests of the Client; or
    2. the interests of the concerned Member and interests of the Client, in cases where the Member is a financial representative.
- b. The information under point 16a.i. must be given to the Client in writing and in a manner that is likely to be understood by the Client and a written acknowledgement of the receipt of the information should be obtained from the Client.
- c. In this section, "conflicted remuneration" means any benefit, whether monetary or non-monetary, derived by a Member from persons other than Clients, that could, under the circumstances, reasonably be expected to influence the advice given by the Member to a Client.

**TERMINATION OF RELATIONSHIP**

31. This relationship between the Member and the client shall be terminated; if the Member for any reason ceases to be a member of the commodity exchange including cessation of membership by reason of the Member's default, death, resignation or expulsion or if the certificate is cancelled by the Exchange.
32. The Member, Authorized Person and the client shall be entitled to terminate the relationship between them without giving any reasons to the other party, after giving notice in writing of not less than one month to the other parties. Notwithstanding any such termination, all rights, liabilities

and obligations of the parties arising out of or in respect of transactions entered into prior to the termination of this relationship shall continue to subsist and vest in/be binding on the respective parties or his/its respective heirs, executors, administrators, legal representatives or successors, as the case may be.

33. In the event of demise/insolvency of the Authorized Person or the cancellation of his/its registration with the Board or/withdrawal of recognition of the Authorized Person by the commodity exchange and/or termination of the agreement with the Authorized Person by the Member, for any reason whatsoever, the client shall be informed of such termination and the client shall be deemed to be the direct client of the Member and all clauses in the 'Rights and Obligations' document(s) governing the Member, Authorized Person and client shall continue to be in force as it is, unless the client intimates to the Member his/its intention to terminate their relationship by giving a notice in writing of not less than one month.

**ADDITIONAL RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS**

34. The Member and client shall reconcile and settle their accounts from time to time as per the Rules, Business Rules, Bye Laws, Circulars, Notices and Guidelines issued by SEBI and the relevant Exchanges where the trade is executed.
35. The Member shall issue a contract note to his clients for trades executed in such format as may be prescribed by the Exchange from time to time containing records of all transactions including details of order number, trade number, trade time, trade price, trade quantity, details of the derivatives contract, client code, brokerage, all charges levied etc. and with all other relevant details as required therein to be filled in and issued in such manner and within such time as prescribed by the Exchange. The Member shall send contract notes to the investors within 24 hours of the execution of the trades in hard copy and/or in electronic form using digital signature.
36. The Member shall make pay out of funds or delivery of commodities as per the Exchange Rules, Bye-Laws, Business Rules and Circulars, as the case may be, to the Client on receipt of the payout from the relevant Exchange where the trade is executed unless otherwise specified by the client and subject to such terms and conditions as may be prescribed by the relevant Exchange from time to time where the trade is executed.
37. The Member shall send a complete 'Statement of Accounts' for both funds and commodities in respect of each of its clients in such periodicity and format within such time, as may be prescribed by the relevant Exchange, from time to time, where the trade is executed. The Statement shall also state that the client shall report errors, if any, in the Statement within such time as may be prescribed by the relevant Exchange from time to time where the trade was executed, from the receipt thereof to the Stock/ Commodity broker.
38. The Member shall send margin statements to the clients on daily basis. Margin statement should include, inter-alia, details of collateral deposited, collateral utilized and collateral status (available balance/due from client) with break up in terms of cash, Fixed Deposit Receipts (FDRs), Bank Guarantee, warehouse receipts, securities etc.

39. The Client shall ensure that it has the required legal capacity to, and is authorized to, enter into the relationship with Member and is capable of performing his obligations and undertakings hereunder. All actions required to be taken to ensure compliance of all the transactions, which the Client may enter into shall be completed by the Client prior to such transaction being entered into.
40. In case, where a member surrenders his/ her/ its membership, Member gives a public notice inviting claims, if any, from investors. In case of a claim relating to transactions executed on the trading system of the Exchange, ensure that client lodge a claim with the Exchange within the stipulated period and with the supporting documents.
41. A. Protection from unfair conduct which includes misleading conduct & abusive conduct
- a. Unfair conduct in relation to financial products or financial services is prohibited.
- b. "Unfair conduct" means an act or omission by a Member or its financial representative that significantly impairs, or is likely to significantly impair, the ability of a Client to make an informed transactional decision and includes –
- i. misleading conduct under point 41.B
- ii. abusive conduct under point 41.C
- iii. such other conduct as may be specified.
- 41.B.
- a. Conduct of a Member or its financial representative in relation to a determinative factor is misleading if it is likely to cause the Client to take a transactional decision that the Client would not have taken otherwise, and the conduct involves –
- i. providing the Client with inaccurate information or information that the Member or financial representative does not believe to be true; or
- ii. providing accurate information to the Client in a manner that is deceptive.
- b. In determining whether a conduct is misleading under point 41.B.a, the following factors must be considered to be "determinative factors" –
- i. the main characteristics of a financial product or financial service, including its features, benefits and risks to the Client;
- ii. the Client's need for a particular financial product or financial service or its suitability for the Client;
- iii. the consideration to be paid for the financial product or financial service or the manner in which the consideration is calculated;
- iv. the existence, exclusion or effect of any term in a financial contract, which is material term in the context of that financial contract;
- v. the nature, attributes and rights of the Member, including its identity, regulatory status and affiliations; and
- vi. the rights of the Client under any law or regulations.
- 41.C.
- a. A conduct of a Member or its financial representative in relation to a financial product or financial service is abusive if it –
- i. involves the use of coercion or undue influence; and

- ii. causes or is likely to cause the Client to take a transactional decision that the Client would not have taken otherwise.
  - b. In determining whether a conduct uses coercion or undue influence, the following must be considered-
    - i. the timing, location, nature or persistence of the conduct;
    - ii. the use of threatening or abusive language or behaviour;
    - iii. the exploitation of any particular misfortune or circumstance of the Client, of which the Member is aware, to influence the Client's decision with regard to a financial product or financial service;
    - iv. any non-contractual barriers imposed by the Member where the Client wishes to exercise rights under a financial contract, including –
    - v. the right to terminate the financial contract;
    - vi. the right to switch to another financial product or another Member and
    - vii. a threat to take any action, depending on the circumstances in which the threat is made.
42. Any stamp duty payable on the trades executed on behalf of the client will be the sole liability of the client only and the client will be responsible to pay the same to the revenue authorities.

**ELECTRONIC CONTRACT NOTES (ECN)**

- 43. In case, client opts to receive the contract note in electronic form, he shall provide an appropriate e-mail id (created by the client) to the Member (Kindly refer Appendix A of Annexure 1). Member shall ensure that all the rules/Business Rule/Bye-Laws/ circulars issued from time to time in this regard are complied with. The client shall communicate to the Member any change in the email-id through a physical letter. If the client has opted for internet trading, the request for change of email id may be made through the secured access by way of client specific user id and password.
- 44. The Member shall ensure that all ECN s sent through the e-mail shall be digitally signed, encrypted, non-tamperable and in compliance with the provisions of the IT Act, 2000. In case, ECN is sent through e-mail as an attachment, the attached file shall also be secured with the digital signature, encrypted and non-tamperable.
- 45. The client shall note that non-receipt of bounced mail notification by the Member shall amount to delivery of the contract note at the e-mail ID of the client.
- 46. The Member shall retain ECN and acknowledgement of the e-mail in a soft and non-tamperable form in the manner prescribed by the exchange in compliance with the provisions of the IT Act, 2000 and as per the extant rules/circulars/guidelines issued by SEBI/Commodity exchanges from time to time. The proof of delivery i.e., log report generated by the system at the time of sending the contract notes shall be maintained by the Member for the specified period under the extant rules/circulars/guidelines issued by SEBI/Commodity exchanges. The log report shall provide the details of the contract notes that are not delivered to the client/e-mails rejected or bounced back. The Member shall take all possible steps to ensure receipt of notification of bounced mails by him at all times within the stipulated time period under the extant rules/circulars/ guidelines issued by SEBI/Commodity exchanges.

- 47. The Member shall continue to send contract notes in the physical mode to such clients who do not opt to receive the contract notes in the electronic form. Wherever the ECNs have not been delivered to the client or has been rejected (bouncing of mails) by the e-mail ID of the client, the Member shall send a physical contract note to the client within the stipulated time under the extant Regulations/ Rules, Bye-Laws, Business Rules and Circulars of SEBI/commodity exchanges and maintain the proof of dispatch and delivery of such physical contract notes.
- 48. In addition to the e-mail communication of the ECNs to the client, the Member shall simultaneously publish the ECN on his designated web-site, if any, in a secured way and enable relevant access to the clients and for this purpose, shall allot a unique user name and password to the client, with an option to the client to save the contract note electronically and/or take a print out of the same.
- 49. The Electronic Contract Note (ECN) declaration form obtained from the Client who opts to receive the contract note in electronic form. This declaration will remain valid till it is revoked by the client.

**LAW AND JURISDICTION**

- 50. In addition to the specific rights set out in this document, the Member, Authorised Person and the client shall be entitled to exercise any other rights which the Member or the client may have under the Rules, Bye-laws and Business Rules of the Exchanges in which the client chooses to trade and circulars/notices issued thereunder or Rules of SEBI.
- 51. The provisions of this document shall always be subject to Government notifications, any rules, guidelines and circulars/notices issued by SEBI and Circulars, Rules, Business Rules and Bye laws of the relevant commodity exchanges, where the trade is executed, that may be in force from time to time.
- 52. The Member and the client shall abide by any award passed by the Arbitrator(s) under the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996. However, there is also a provision of appeal, if either party is not satisfied with the arbitration award.
- 53. Words and expressions which are used in this document but which are not defined herein shall, unless the context otherwise requires, have the same meaning as assigned thereto in the Rules, Byelaws and Regulations/Business Rules and circulars/notices issued thereunder of the Exchanges/SEBI.
- 54. All additional voluntary/non mandatory clauses/ document added by the Member should not be in contravention with Rules/ Business Rules/Notices/ Circulars of Exchanges/ SEBI. Any changes in such voluntary clauses/ document(s) need to be preceded by a notice of 15 days. Any changes in the rights and obligations which are specified by Exchanges/ SEBI shall also be brought to the notice of the clients.
- 55. If the rights and obligations of the parties hereto are altered by virtue of change in Rules of SEBI or Bye-laws, Rules and Business Rules of the relevant commodity exchanges where the trade is executed, such changes shall be deemed to have been incorporated herein in modification of the rights and obligations of the parties mentioned in this document.
- 56. Members are required to send account statement to their clients every month.

**INTERNET & WIRELESS TECHNOLOGY BASED TRADING FACILITY PROVIDED BY MEMBERS TO CLIENT  
(All the clauses mentioned in the 'Rights and Obligations' document(s) shall be applicable. Additionally, the clauses mentioned herein shall also be applicable.)**

1. Member is eligible for providing Internet based trading (IBT) and commodities trading through the use of wireless technology that shall include the use of devices such as mobile phone, laptop with data card, etc. which use Internet Protocol (IP). The Member shall comply with all requirements applicable to internet based trading/- commodities trading using wireless technology as may be specified by SEBI & the Exchanges from time to time.
2. The client is desirous of investing/trading in commodities and for this purpose, the client is desirous of using either the internet based trading facility or the facility for commodities trading through use of wireless technology. The Member shall provide the Member's IBT Service to the Client, and the Client shall avail of the Member's IBT Service, on and subject to SEBI/Exchanges Provisions and the terms and conditions specified on the Member's IBT Web Site provided that they are in line with the norms prescribed by Exchanges/SEBI.
3. The Member shall bring to the notice of client the features, risks, responsibilities, obligations and liabilities associated with commodities trading through wireless technology/ internet or any other technology should be brought to the notice of the client by the Member.
4. The Member shall make the client aware that the Member's IBT system itself generates the initial password and its password policy as stipulated in line with norms prescribed by Exchanges/SEBI.
5. The Client shall be responsible for keeping the Username and Password confidential and secure and shall be solely responsible for all orders entered and transactions done by any person whosoever through the Member's IBT System using the Client's Username and/or Password whether or not such person was authorized to do so. Also the client is aware that authentication technologies and strict security measures are required for the internet trading/ commodities trading through wireless technology through order routed system and undertakes to ensure that the password of the client and/or his authorized representative are not revealed to any third party including employees and dealers of the Member.
6. The Client shall immediately notify the Member in writing if he forgets his password, discovers security flaw in Member's IBT System, discovers/suspects discrepancies/ unauthorized access through his username/password/account with full details of such unauthorized use, the date, the manner and the transactions effected pursuant to such unauthorized use, etc.
7. The Client is fully aware of and understands the risks associated with availing of a service for routing orders over the internet/ commodities trading through wireless technology and Client shall be fully liable and responsible for any and all acts done in the Client's Username/password in any manner whatsoever.
8. The Member shall send the order/trade confirmation through email to the client at his request. The client is aware that the order/ trade confirmation is also provided on the web portal. In case client is trading using wireless technology, the Member shall send the order/trade confirmation on the device of the client.
9. The client is aware that trading over the internet involves many uncertain factors and complex hardware, software, systems, communication lines, peripherals, etc. are susceptible to interruptions and dislocations. The Member and the Exchange do not make any representation or warranty that the Member's IBT Service will be available to the Client at all times without any interruption.
10. The Client shall not have any claim against the Exchange or the Member on account of any suspension, interruption, non-availability or malfunctioning of the Member's IBT System or Service or the Exchange's service or systems or non-execution of his orders due to any link/system failure at the Client/Members/Exchange end for any reason beyond the control of the Member/Exchanges.

## GUIDANCE NOTE - DO'S AND DON'Ts FOR THE CLIENTS

## Do's

1. Trade only through Registered Members of the Exchange. Check from the Exchange website at following link to see whether the Member is registered with the Exchange.  
  
For MCX : <http://www.mcxindia.com/SitePages/MembersDetails.aspx>.  
  
For NCDEX : <http://www.ncdex.com/Membership/Memberdirectory.aspx>.
2. Insist on filling up a standard 'Know Your Client (KYC)' form before you commence trading
3. Insist on getting a Unique Client Code (UCC) and ensure all your trades are done under the said UCC.
4. Insist on reading and signing a standard 'Risk Disclosure Agreement'.
5. Obtain a copy of your KYC and/ or other documents executed by you with the Member, from the Member.
6. Cross check the genuineness of trades carried out at the Exchange through the trade verification facility available on the Exchange website at the following link.  
  
For MCX : <http://www.mcxindia.com/SitePages/TradeVerification.aspx>  
  
For NCDEX : <http://www.ncdex.com/MarketData/VerifyTrade.aspx>  
  
The trades can be verified online where trade information is available up to 5 working days from the trade date.
7. Insist on a duly signed Contract Note in specified format for every executed trade within 24 hours of trade, highlighting the details of the trade along with your UCC.
8. Ensure that the Contract Note contains all the relevant information such as Member Registration Number, Order No., Order Date, Order time, Trade No., Trade rate, Quantity, Arbitration Clause, etc.
9. Obtain receipt for collaterals deposited with the Member towards margins.
10. Go through the Rules, Bye-laws, Regulations, Circulars, Directives, Notifications of the Exchange as well as of the Regulators, Government and other authorities to know your rights and duties vis-à-vis those of the Member.
11. Ask all relevant questions and clear your doubts with your Member before transacting.
12. Insist on receiving the bills for every settlement.
13. Insist on Monthly statements of your ledger account and report any discrepancies in the statement to your Member within 7 working days. In case of unsatisfactory response report the discrepancy to the Exchange within 15 working days from the date of cause of action.
14. Scrutinize minutely both the transaction & holding statements that you receive from your Depository Participant.
15. Keep Delivery Instruction Slips (DIS) book issued by DPs in safe possession.
16. Ensure that the DIS numbers are preprinted and your account number (UCC) is mentioned in the DIS book.
17. Freeze your Demat account in case of your absence for longer duration or in case of not using the account frequently.
18. Pay required margins in time and only by Cheque and ask for receipt thereof from the Member.
19. Deliver the commodities in case of sale or pay the money in case of purchase within the time prescribed.
20. Understand and comply with accounting standards for derivatives.
21. Ensure to read, understand and then sign the voluntary clauses, if any, agreed between you and the Member. Note that the clauses as agreed between you and the Member cannot be changed without your consent.
22. Get a clear idea about all brokerage, commissions, fees and other charges levied by the Member on you for trading and the relevant provisions/ guidelines specified by SEBI/Commodity exchanges.
23. Make the payments by account payee cheque in favour of the Member. Ensure that you have a documentary proof of your payment/deposit of commodities with the Member, stating date, commodity, quantity, towards which bank/ demat account such money or commodities (in the form of warehouse receipts) deposited and from which bank/ demat account.
24. The payout of funds or delivery of commodities (as the case may be) shall not be made to you within one working day from the receipt of payout from the Exchange, in case you have given specific authorization for maintaining running account to the member. Thus, in this regard, the running account authorization provided by you to the Member shall be subject to the following conditions :

- a) Such authorization from you shall be dated, signed by you only and contains the clause that you may revoke the same at any time.
- b) You need to bring any dispute arising from the statement of account to the notice of the Member in writing preferably within 7 (seven) working days from the date of receipt of funds/commodities or statement, as the case may be. In case of dispute, refer the matter in writing to the Investors Grievance Cell of the relevant Commodity exchanges without delay.
- c) In case you have not opted for maintaining running account and pay-out is not received on the next working day of the receipt of payout from the exchanges, please refer the matter to the Member. In case there is dispute, ensure that you lodge a complaint in writing immediately with the Investors Grievance Cell of the relevant Commodity exchange.
- d) Please register your mobile number and email id with the Member, to receive trade confirmation alerts/ details of the transactions through SMS or email, by the end of the trading day, from the stock exchanges.
25. You should familiarize yourself with the protection accorded to the money or other property you may deposit with your member, particularly in the event of a default in the commodity derivatives or the member becomes insolvent or bankrupt.
26. Please ensure that you have a documentary proof of having made the deposit of such money or property with the member, stating towards which account such money or property deposited.
27. In case your problem/grievance/issue is not being sorted out by concerned Member/Authorised Person then you may take up the matter with the concerned Commodity exchange. If you are not satisfied with the resolution of your complaint then you can escalate the matter to SEBI.
- Don'ts**
1. Do not deal with any unregistered intermediaries.
  2. Do not undertake off-market transactions as such transactions are illegal and fall outside the jurisdiction of the Exchange.
  3. Do not enter into assured returns arrangement with any Member
  4. Do not get carried away by luring advertisements, rumours, hot tips, explicit/ implicit promise of returns, etc.
  5. Do not make payments in cash/ take any cash towards margins and settlement to/ from the Member.
  6. Do not start trading before reading and understanding the Risk Disclosure Agreement.
  7. Do not neglect to set out in writing, orders for higher value given over phone.
  8. Do not accept unsigned/duplicate contract note/confirmation memo.
  9. Do not accept contract note/confirmation memo signed by any unauthorized person.
  10. Don't share your internet trading account's password with anyone
  11. Do not delay payment/deliveries of commodities to Member.
  12. Do not forget to take note of risks involved in the investments.
  13. Do not sign blank Delivery Instruction Slips (DIS) while furnishing commodities deposits and/or keep them with Depository Participants (DP) or member to save time.
  14. Do not pay brokerage in excess of that rates prescribed by the Exchange
  15. Don't issue cheques in the name of Authorized Person.

## POLICIES & PROCEDURE

### 1. Refusal of orders for penny / illiquid stock/commodity

The stock broker/commodity broker may from time to time limit (quantity/ value) / refuse orders in one or more securities/commodities due to various reasons including market liquidity, value of security(ies)/commodity(ies), the order being for securities/commodities which are not in the permitted list of the stock broker /commodity broker/ exchange(s) / SEBI. Provided further that stock broker/commodity broker may require compulsory settlement / advance payment of expected settlement value/ delivery of securities/commodities for settlement prior to acceptance / placement of order(s) as well. The client agrees that the losses, if any on account of such refusal or due to delay caused by such limits, shall be borne exclusively by the client alone.

The stock broker/commodity broker may require reconfirmation of orders, which are larger than that specified by the stock broker's/commodity broker's risk management, and is also aware that the stock broker/commodity broker has the discretion to reject the execution of such orders based on its risk perception.

### 2. Setting up client's exposure limits and conditions under which a client may not be allowed to take further position or the broker may close the existing position of a client

The stock broker/commodity broker may from time to time impose and vary limits on the orders that the client can place through the stock broker's/commodity broker's trading system (including exposure limits, turnover limits, limits as to the number, value and/or kind of securities/commodities in respect of which orders can be placed etc.). The client is aware and agrees that the stock broker/commodity broker may need to vary or reduce the limits or impose new limits urgently on the basis of the stock broker's/commodity broker's risk perception and other factors considered relevant by the stock broker/commodity broker including but not limited to limits on account of exchange/ SEBI directions/limits (such as broker level/ market level limits in security/commodity specific / volume specific exposures etc.), and the stock broker/commodity broker may be unable to inform the client of such variation, reduction or imposition in advance. The client agrees that the stock broker/commodity broker shall not be responsible for such variation, reduction or imposition or the client's inability to route any order through the stock broker's/commodity broker's trading system on account of any such variation, reduction or imposition of limits. The client further agrees that the stock broker/commodity broker may at any time, at its sole discretion and without prior notice, prohibit or restrict the client's ability to place orders or trade in securities/ commodities through the stock broker/commodity broker, or it may subject any order placed by the client to a review before its entry into the trading systems and may refuse to execute / allow execution of orders due to but not limited to the reason of lack of margin / securities / commodities or the order being outside the limits set by stock broker/commodity broker / exchange/ SEBI and any other reasons which the stock broker/commodity broker may deem appropriate in the circumstances. The client agrees that the losses, if any on account of such refusal or due to delay caused by such review, shall be borne exclusively by the client alone.

The stock broker/commodity broker is required only to communicate / advise the parameters for the calculation of the margin / security/commodity requirements as rate(s) / percentage(s) of the dealings, through anyone or more means or methods such as post / speed post / courier / registered post / registered AD / facsimile / telegram / cable / e-mail / voice mails / telephone (telephone includes such devices as mobile phones etc.) including SMS on the mobile phone or any other similar device; by messaging on the computer screen of the client's computer; by informing the client through employees / agents of the stock broker/commodity broker; by publishing / displaying it on the website of the stock broker/commodity broker/ making it available as a download from the website of the stock broker/commodity broker; by displaying it on the notice board of the branch / office through which the client trades or if the circumstances, so require, by radio broadcast / television broadcast / newspapers advertisements etc; or any other suitable or applicable mode or manner. The client agrees that the postal department / the courier company / newspaper company and the e-mail / voice mail service provider and such other service providers shall be the agent of the client and the delivery shall be complete when communication is given to the postal department / the courier company / the e-mail / voice mail service provider, etc. by the stock broker/commodity broker and the client agrees never to challenge the same on any grounds including delayed receipt / non receipt or any other reasons whatsoever and once parameters for margin / security/ commodity requirements are so communicated, the client shall monitor his / her / its position (dealings / trades and valuation of security/commodity) on his / her / its own and provide the required / deficit margin / security/commodity forthwith as required from time to time whether or not any margin call or such other separate communication to that effect is sent by the stock broker/commodity broker to the client and / or whether or not such communication is received by the client.

The client is not entitled to trade without adequate margin / security/commodity and that it shall be his / her / its responsibility to ascertain beforehand the margin / security requirements for his / her / its orders / trades / deals and to ensure that the required margin / security/commodity is made available to the stock broker/commodity broker in such form and manner as may be required by the stock broker/commodity broker. If the client's order is executed despite a shortfall in the available margin, the client, shall, whether or not the stock broker/commodity broker intimates such shortfall in the margin to the client, make up the shortfall suo moto immediately. The client further agrees that he /she lit shall be responsible for all orders (including any orders that may be executed without the required margin in the client's account) & / or any claim / loss/ damage arising out of the non availability /shortage of margin /security required by the stock broker/commodity broker & / or exchange & /or SEBI.

The stock broker/commodity broker is entitled to vary the form (i.e., the replacement of the margin / security / commodity in one form with the margin / security / commodity in any other form, say, in the form of money instead of shares) & / or quantum & / or percentage of the margin & / or security/commodity required to be deposited / made available, from time to time.

The margin / security/commodity deposited by the client with the stock broker/commodity broker are not eligible for any interest.

The stock broker/commodity broker is entitled to include / appropriate any / all payout of funds & / or securities/commodities towards margin / security/commodity without requiring specific authorizations for each payout.

The stock broker/commodity broker is entitled to transfer funds &/ or securities/commodities from his account for one exchange & / or one segment of the exchange to his / her / its account for another exchange & / or another segment of the same exchange whenever applicable and found necessary by the stock broker/commodity broker. The client also agrees and authorises the stock broker/commodity broker to treat / adjust his / her / its margin / security/commodity lying in one exchange & / or one segment of the exchange / towards the margin / security/ commodity / pay in requirements of another exchange &/ or another segment of the exchange.

The stock broker/commodity broker is entitled to disable / freeze the account & / or trading facility / any other service facility, if, in the opinion of the stock broker/commodity broker, the client has committed a crime / fraud or has acted in contradiction of this agreement or / is likely to evade / violate any laws, rules, regulations, directions of a lawful authority whether Indian or foreign or if the stock broker/commodity broker so apprehends.

### 3. **Applicable brokerage rate**

The stock broker/commodity broker is entitled to charge brokerage within the limits imposed by exchange/Sebi.

Any stamp duty payable on the trades executed on behalf of the client will be the sole liability of the client only and the client will be responsible to pay the same to the revenue authorities.

### 4. **Imposition of penalty / delayed payment charges**

The clients will be liable to pay late pay in/delayed payment charges for non making payment of their payin/margin obligation on time as per the exchange requirement /schedule at the rate upto 2% per month. In case of purchase by the client, he will be charged delayed payment charges from one day before the payin date and in case of sale, delayed payment charges will be charged till one day after the payout date.

The client agrees that the stock broker/commodity broker may impose fines / penalties for any orders / trades / deals / actions of the client which are contrary to this agreement / rules / regulations / bye laws of the exchange or any other law for the time being in force, at such rates and in such form as it may deem fit. Further where the stock broker/commodity broker has to pay any fine or bear any punishment from any authority in connection with / as a consequence of / in relation to any of the orders / trades / deals / actions of the client, the same shall be borne by the client.

The client agrees to pay to the stock broker/commodity broker brokerage, commission, fees, all taxes, duties, levies imposed by any authority including but not limited to the stock/commodity exchanges (including any amount due on account of reassessment / backlogs etc.), transaction expenses, incidental expenses such as postage, courier, DP charges etc. as they apply from time to time to the client's account / transactions / services that the client avails from the stock broker/commodity broker.

### 5. **The right to sell clients' securities/commodities or close clients' positions, without giving notice to the client, on account of non-payment of client's dues**

Without prejudice to the stock brokers/commodity broker other right (Including the right to refer the matter to arbitration), the stock broker shall be entitled to liquidate/close out all or any of the clients position without giving notice to the client for non payment of margins or other amounts including the pay in obligation, outstanding debts etc and adjust the proceeds of such liquidation/close out, if any, against the clients liabilities/ obligations.

The stock broker/commodity broker maintains centralized banking and securities/commodities handling processes and related banking and depository accounts at designated place. The client shall ensure timely availability of funds/securities/ commodities in designated form and manner at designated time and in designated bank and depository account(s) at designated place, for meeting his/her/its pay in obligation of funds and securities/commodities. The stock broker/ commodity broker shall not be responsible for any claim/loss/damage arising out of non availability/short availability of funds/securities/ commodities by the client in the designated account(s) of the stock broker/commodity broker for meeting the pay in obligation of either funds or securities/commodities. If the client gives orders / trades in the anticipation of the required securities/commodities being available subsequently for pay in through anticipated payout from the exchange or through borrowings or any off market delivery(s) or market delivery(s) and if such anticipated availability does not materialize in actual availability of securities/commodities / funds for pay in for any reason whatsoever including but not limited to any delays / shortages at. the exchange or stock broker/commodity broker level/non release of margin by the stock broker/commodity broker etc, the losses which may occur to the client as a consequence of such shortages in any manner such as on account of auctions / square off / closing outs etc., shall be solely to the account of the client and the client agrees not to hold the stock broker/commodity broker responsible for the same in any form or manner whatsoever. In cases of securities/commodities lying in margin account/client beneficiary account and having corporate actions like Bonus, Stock/commodity split, Right issue etc, for margin or other purpose the benefit of shares due to received under Bonus, Stock /commodity split, Right issue etc will be given when the shares is actually received in the stock broker/commodity broker designated demat account.

In case the payment of the margin / security/commodity is made by the client through a bank instrument, the stock broker/commodity broker shall be at liberty to give the benefit / credit for the same only on the realization of the funds from the said bank instrument etc. at the absolute discretion of the stock broker/commodity broker.

Where the margin / security/commodity is made available by way of securities/commodities or any other property, the stock broker//commodity broker is empowered to decline its acceptance as margin / security/commodity & / or to accept it at such reduced value as the stock broker/commodity broker may deem fit by applying haircuts or by valuing it by marking it to market or by any other method as the stock broker/commodity broker may deem fit in its absolute discretion.

The stock broker/commodity broker has the right but not the obligation, to cancel all pending orders and to sell/close liquidate all open positions/ securities/commodities/ shares at the pre-defined square off time or when Mark to Market (M-T-M) percentage reaches or crosses stipulated margin percentage mentioned on the website, whichever is earlier. The stock broker /commodity broker will have sole discretion to decide referred stipulated margin percentage depending upon the market condition. In the event of such square off, the client agrees to bear all the losses based on actual executed prices. In case open position (i.e. short/long) gets converted into delivery due to non square off because of any reason whatsoever, the client agrees to provide securities/commodities/funds to fulfill the payin obligation failing which the client will have to face auctions or internal close outs; in addition to this the client will have to pay penalties and charges levied by exchange in actual and losses, if any. Without prejudice to the foregoing, the client shall also be solely liable for all and any penalties and charges. levied by the exchange(s).

The stock broker/commodity broker is entitled to prescribe the date and time by which the margin / security is to be made available and the stock broker/commodity broker may refuse to accept any payments in any form after such deadline for margin/security/commodity expires.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the agreement or elsewhere, if the client fails to maintain or provide the required margin/fund/security/commodity or to meet the funds/margins/ securities/ commodities pay in obligations for the orders / trades / deals of the client within the prescribed time and form, the stock broker/commodity broker shall have the right without any further notice or communication to the client to take any one or more of the following steps:

- (i) To withhold any payout of funds / securities / commodities.
- (ii) To withhold / disable the trading / dealing facility to the client.
- (iii) To liquidate one or more security(s) of the client by selling the same in such manner and at such rate which the stock broker/commodity broker may deem fit in its absolute discretion. It is agreed and understood by the client that securities here includes securities/commodities which are pending delivery / receipt.
- (iv) To liquidate / square off partially or fully the position of sale & / or purchase in anyone or more securities / commodities / contracts in such manner and at such rate which the stock broker/ commodity broker may decide in its absolute discretion.
- (v) To take any other steps which in the given circumstances, the stock broker/commodity broker may deem fit.

The client agrees that the loss(s) if any, on account of anyone or more steps as enumerated herein above being taken by the stock broker/commodity broker, shall be borne exclusively by the client alone and agrees not to question the reasonableness, requirements, timing, manner, form, pricing etc., which are chosen by the stock broker/commodity broker.

#### **6. Shortages in obligations arising out of internal netting of trades**

Stock broker/commodity broker shall not be obliged to deliver any securities/commodities or pay any money to the client unless and until the same has been received by the stock broker/commodity broker from the exchange, the clearing corporation/clearing house or other company or entity liable to make the payment and the client has fulfilled his / her / its obligations first.

The policy and procedure for settlement of shortages in obligations arising out of internal netting of trades is as under:

- a) The short delivering client is debited by an amount 'equivalent to 20% above of closing rate of day prior to Pay-in/Payout Day. The securities/commodities delivered short are purchased from market on T +3 day which is the Auction Day on Exchange, and the purchase consideration (inclusive of all statutory taxes & levies) is debited to the short delivering seller client along with reversal entry of provisionally amount debited earlier.
- b) If securities/commodities cannot be purchased from market due to any force majeure condition, the short delivering seller is debited at the closing rate on T +3 day or Auction day on Exchange + 10%. Where the delivery is matched partially or fully at the Exchange Clearing, the delivery and debits/credits shall be as per Exchange Debits and Credits.
- c) In cases of securities/commodities having corporate actions all cases of short delivery of cum transactions which cannot be auctioned on cum basis or where the cum basis auction payout is after the book closure / record date, would be compulsory closed out at higher of 10% above the official closing price on the auction day or the highest traded price from first trading day of the settlement till the auction day.

#### **7. Conditions under which a client may not be allowed to take further position or the broker may close the existing position of a client**

The stock broker/commodity broker has margin based RMS system. Client may take exposure upto the amount of margin available with broker.

Client may not be allowed to take position in case of non-availability/shortage of margin as per RMS policy of the broker. The existing position of the client is also liable to square off/close out without giving notice due to shortage of margin/ non making of payment for their payin obligation/ outstanding debts.

#### **8. Temporarily suspending or closing a client's account at the client's request**

- (i) The client may request the stock broker/commodity broker to temporarily suspend his account, stock broker/commodity broker may do so subject to client accepting / adhering to conditions imposed by stock broker/commodity broker including but not limited to settlement of account and/ or other obligation. Same can be activated on the written request of the client only. During the period client account is suspended, the market transaction in the client account will be prohibited. However client shares/ledger balance settlement can take place.
- (ii) The stock broker/commodity broker can with hold the payouts of client and suspend his trading account due to his surveillance action or judicial or / and regulatory order/action requiring client suspension.

#### **9. De-registering a client**

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary stated in the agreement, the stock broker/commodity broker shall be entitled to terminate the agreement with immediate effect in any of the following circumstances:

- (i) If the action of the Client are prima facie illegal/ improper or such as to manipulate the price of any securities/commodities or disturb the normal/ proper functioning of the market, either alone or in conjunction with others.
- (ii) If there is any commencement of a legal process against the Client under any law in force;
- (iii) On the death/lunacy or other disability of the Client;
- (iv) If a receiver, administrator or liquidator has been appointed or allowed to be appointed of all or any part of the undertaking of the Client;
- (v) If the Client has voluntarily or compulsorily become the subject of proceedings under any bankruptcy or insolvency law or being a company, goes into liquidation or has a receiver appointed in respect of its assets or refers itself to the Board for Industrial and Financial Reconstruction or under any other law providing protection as a relief undertaking;
- (vi) If the Client being a partnership firm, has any steps taken by the Client and/ or its partners for dissolution of the partnership;
- (vii) If the Client have taken or suffered to be taken any action for its reorganization, liquidation or dissolution;
- (viii) If the Client has made any material misrepresentation of facts, including (without limitation) in relation to the Security/ Commodity;
- (ix) If there is reasonable apprehension that the Client is unable to pay its debts or the Client has admitted its inability to pay its debts, as they become payable;
- (x) If the Client suffers any adverse material change in his / her / its financial position or defaults in any other agreement with the Stock broker/commodity broker;
- (xi) If the Client is in breach of any term, condition or covenant of this Agreement;
- (xii) If any covenant or warranty of the Client is incorrect or untrue in any material respect;

However notwithstanding any termination of the agreement, all transactions made under / pursuant to this agreement shall be subject to all the terms and conditions of this agreement and parties to this agreement submit to exclusive jurisdiction of courts of law at the place of execution of this agreement by Stock Broker/commodity broker. Trading in Exchange is in Electronic Mode, based on VSAT, leased line, ISDN, Modem and VPN, combination of technologies and computer systems to place and route orders. The client understands that there exists a possibility of communication failure or system problems or slow or delayed response from system or trading halt or any break down in the broker's back office/ front end system, or any such other problems/glitch whereby not being able to establish access to the trading system/network, which may be beyond the broker's control and may result in delay in processing or not processing buy or sell Orders either in part or in full. The client shall be fully liable and responsible for any such problem/fault.

#### **Client Acceptance of Policies and Procedures stated hereinabove:**

I/We have fully understood the same and do hereby sign the same and agree not to call into question the validity, enforceability and applicability of any provision/clauses this document any circumstances what so ever. These Policies and Procedures may be amended / changed unilaterally by the broker, provided the change is informed to me / us with through anyone or more means or methods such as post / speed post / courier / registered post / registered A.D / facsimile / telegram / cable / e-mail/ voice mails / telephone (telephone includes such devices as mobile phones etc.) including SMS on the mobile phone or any other similar device; by messaging on the computer screen of the client's computer; by informing the client through employees / agents of the stock broker/commodity broker; by publishing / displaying it on the website of the stock broker/commodity broker / making it available as a download from the website of the stock broker/commodity broker; by displaying it on the notice board of the branch / office through which the client trades or if the circumstances, so require, by radio broadcast / television broadcast / newspapers advertisements etc; or any other suitable or applicable mode or manner. I/we agree that the postal department / the courier company / newspaper company and the e-mail/ voice mail service provider and such other service providers shall be my/our agent and the delivery shall be complete when communication is given to the postal department / the courier company / the e-mail/voicemail service provider, etc. by the stock broker/commodity broker and I/we agree never to challenge the same on any grounds including delayed receipt / non receipt or any other reasons whatsoever. These Policies and Procedures shall always be read along with the agreement and shall be compulsorily referred to while deciding any dispute / difference or claim between me/ us and stock broker/commodity broker before any court of law / judicial / adjudicating authority including arbitrator / mediator etc.

## RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF BENEFICIAL OWNER AND DEPOSITORY PARTICIPANT AS PRESCRIBED BY SEBI & DEPOSITORIES

### General Clause

1. The Beneficial Owner and the Depository participant (DP) shall be bound by the provisions of the Depositories Act, 1996, SEBI (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, 1996, Rules and Regulations of Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI), Circulars/Notifications/Guidelines issued there under, Bye Laws and Business Rules/Operating Instructions issued by the Depositories and relevant notifications of Government Authorities as may be in force from time to time.
2. The DP shall open/activate demat account of a beneficial owner in the depository system only after receipt of complete Account opening form, KYC and supporting documents as specified by SEBI from time to time.

### Beneficial Owner information

3. The DP shall maintain all the details of the beneficial owner(s) as mentioned in the account opening form, supporting documents submitted by them and/or any other information pertaining to the beneficial owner confidentially and shall not disclose the same to any person except as required by any statutory, legal or regulatory authority in this regard.
4. The Beneficial Owner shall immediately notify the DP in writing, if there is any change in details provided in the account opening form as submitted to the DP at the time of opening the demat account or furnished to the DP from time to time.

### Fees/Charges/Tariff

5. The Beneficial Owner shall pay such charges to the DP for the purpose of holding and transfer of securities in dematerialized form and for availing depository services as may be agreed to from time to time between the DP and the Beneficial Owner as set out in the Tariff Sheet provided by the DP. It may be informed to the Beneficial Owner that "no charges are payable for opening of demat accounts"
6. In case of Basic Services Demat Accounts, the DP shall adhere to the charge structure as laid down under the relevant SEBI and/or Depository circulars/ directions/ notifications issued from time to time.
7. The DP shall not increase any charges/tariff agreed upon unless it has given a notice in writing of not less than thirty days to the Beneficial Owner regarding the same.

### Dematerialization

8. The Beneficial Owner shall have the right to get the securities, which have been admitted on the Depositories, dematerialized in the form and manner laid down under the Bye Laws, Business Rules and Operating Instructions of the depositories.

### Separate Accounts

9. The DP shall open separate accounts in the name of each of the beneficial owners and securities of each beneficial owner shall be segregated and shall not be mixed up with the securities of other beneficial owners and/or DP's own securities held in dematerialized form.
10. The DP shall not facilitate the Beneficial Owner to create or permit any pledge and/or hypothecation or any other interest or encumbrance over all or any of such securities submitted for dematerialization and/or held in demat account except in the form and manner prescribed in the Depositories Act, 1996, SEBI (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, 1996 and Bye-Laws/Operating Instructions/Business Rules of the Depositories.

### Transfer of Securities

11. The DP shall effect transfer to and from the demat accounts of the Beneficial Owner only on the basis of an order, instruction, direction or mandate duly authorized by the Beneficial Owner and the DP shall maintain the original documents and the audit trail of such authorizations.
12. The Beneficial Owner reserves the right to give standing instructions with regard to the crediting of securities in his demat account and the DP shall act according to such instructions.

### Statement of account

13. The DP shall provide statements of accounts to the beneficial owner in such form and manner and at such time as agreed with the Beneficial Owner and as specified by SEBI/depository in this regard.
14. However, if there is no transaction in the demat account, or if the balance has become Nil during the year, the DP shall send one physical statement of holding annually to such BOs and shall resume sending the transaction statement as and when there is a transaction in the account.
15. The DP may provide the services of issuing the statement of demat accounts in an electronic mode if the Beneficial Owner so desires. The DP will furnish to the Beneficial Owner the statement of demat accounts under its digital signature, as governed under the Information Technology Act, 2000. However if the DP does not have the facility of providing the statement of demat account in the electronic mode, then the Participant shall be obliged to forward the statement of demat accounts in physical form.
16. In case of Basic Services Demat Accounts, the DP shall send the transaction statements as mandated by SEBI and/or Depository from time to time.

**Manner of Closure of Demat account**

17. The DP shall have the right to close the demat account of the Beneficial Owner, for any reasons whatsoever, provided the DP has given a notice in writing of not less than thirty days to the Beneficial Owner as well as to the Depository. Similarly, the Beneficial Owner shall have the right to close his/her demat account held with the DP provided no charges are payable by him/her to the DP. In such an event, the Beneficial Owner shall specify whether the balances in their demat account should be transferred to another demat account of the Beneficial Owner held with another DP or to rematerialize the security balances held.
18. Based on the instructions of the Beneficial Owner, the DP shall initiate the procedure for transferring such security balances or rematerialize such security balances within a period of thirty days as per procedure specified from time to time by the depository. Provided further, closure of demat account shall not affect the rights, liabilities and obligations of either the Beneficial Owner or the DP and shall continue to bind the parties to their satisfactory completion.

**Default in payment of charges**

19. In event of Beneficial Owner committing a default in the payment of any amount provided in Clause 5 & 6 within a period of thirty days from the date of demand, without prejudice to the right of the DP to close the demat account of the Beneficial Owner, the DP may charge interest at a rate as specified by the Depository from time to time for the period of such default.
20. In case the Beneficial Owner has failed to make the payment of any of the amounts as provided in Clause 5&6 specified above, the DP after giving two days notice to the Beneficial Owner shall have the right to stop processing of instructions of the Beneficial Owner till such time he makes the payment along with interest, if any.

**Liability of the Depository**

21. As per Section 16 of Depositories Act, 1996,
  1. Without prejudice to the provisions of any other law for the time being in force, any loss caused to the beneficial owner due to the negligence of the depository or the participant, the depository shall indemnify such beneficial owner.
  2. Where the loss due to the negligence of the participant under Clause (1) above, is indemnified by the depository, the depository shall have the right to recover the same from such participant.

**Freezing/ Defreezing of accounts**

22. The Beneficial Owner may exercise the right to freeze/defreeze his/her demat account maintained with the DP in accordance with the procedure and subject to the restrictions laid down under the Bye Laws and Business Rules/Operating Instructions.

23. The DP or the Depository shall have the right to freeze/defreeze the accounts of the Beneficial Owners on receipt of instructions received from any regulator or court or any statutory authority.

**Redressal of Investor grievance**

24. The DP shall redress all grievances of the Beneficial Owner against the DP within a period of thirty days from the date of receipt of the complaint.

**Authorized representative**

25. If the Beneficial Owner is a body corporate or a legal entity, it shall, along with the account opening form, furnish to the DP, a list of officials authorized by it, who shall represent and interact on its behalf with the Participant. Any change in such list including additions, deletions or alterations thereto shall be forthwith communicated to the Participant.

**Law and Jurisdiction**

26. In addition to the specific rights set out in this document, the DP and the Beneficial owner shall be entitled to exercise any other rights which the DP or the Beneficial Owner may have under the Rules, Bye Laws and Regulations of the respective Depository in which the demat account is opened and circulars/notices issued there under or Rules and Regulations of SEBI.
27. The provisions of this document shall always be subject to Government notification, any rules, regulations, guidelines and circulars/ notices issued by SEBI and Rules, Regulations and Bye-laws of the relevant Depository, where the Beneficial Owner maintains his/ her account, that may be in force from time to time.
28. The Beneficial Owner and the DP shall abide by the arbitration and conciliation procedure prescribed under the Bye-laws of the depository and that such procedure shall be applicable to any disputes between the DP and the Beneficial Owner.
29. Words and expressions which are used in this document but which are not defined herein shall unless the context otherwise requires, have the same meanings as assigned thereto in the Rules, Bye-laws and Regulations and circulars/notices issued there under by the depository and /or SEBI
30. Any changes in the rights and obligations which are specified by SEBI/Depositories shall also be brought to the notice of the clients at once.
31. If the rights and obligations of the parties hereto are altered by virtue of change in Rules and regulations of SEBI or Bye-laws, Rules and Regulations of the relevant Depository, where the Beneficial Owner maintains his/her account, such changes shall be deemed to have been incorporated herein in modification of the rights and obligations of the parties mentioned in this document.

**Additional Rights And Obligations' of the Rights and Obligations Document**

"The stock broker / stock broker and depository participant shall not directly / indirectly compel the clients to execute Power of Attorney (PoA) or Demat Debit and Pledge Instruction (DDPI) or deny services to the client if the client refuses to execute PoA or DDPI."

## ANNEXURE-A

**Terms & Conditions-Cum-Registration / Modification Form for receiving SMS Alerts from CDSL****Definitions :**

In these Terms and Conditions the terms shall have following meaning unless indicated otherwise.

**Fees, Charges and deposits**

- "Depository" means Central Depository Services (India) Limited a company incorporated in India under the Companies Act 1956 and having its registered office at 17th Floor, P.J. Tower, Dalal Street, Fort, Mumbai-400001 and all its branch offices and includes its successors and assigns.
- 'DP' means Depository Participant of CDSL. The term covers all types of DPs who are allowed to open demat accounts for investors.
- 'BO' means an entity that has opened a demat account with the depository. The term covers all types of demat accounts, which can be opened with a depository as specified by the depository from time to time.
- SMS means "Short Messaging Service"
- 'Alerts' means a customized SMS sent to the BO over the said mobile phone number.
- 'Service Provider' means a cellular service provider(s) with whom the depository has entered/will be entering into an arrangement for providing the SMS alerts to the BO.
- 'Service' means the service of providing SMS alerts to the BO on best effort basis as per these terms and conditions.

**Availability :**

- The service will be provided to the BO at his/her request and at the discretion of the depository. The service will be available to those account holders who have provided their mobile numbers to the depository through their DP. The service may be discontinued for a specific period/indefinite period with or without issuing any prior notice for the purpose of security reasons or system maintenance or for such other reasons as may be warranted. The depository may also discontinue the service at any time without giving prior notice for any reason whatsoever.
- The service is currently available to the BOs who are residing in India.
- The alerts will be provided to the BOs only if they remain within the range of the service provider's service area or within the range forming part of the roaming network of the service provider.
- In case of joint accounts and non-individual accounts the service will be available, only to one mobile number i.e. to the mobile number as submitted at the time of registration / modification.
- The BO is responsible for promptly intimating to the depository in the prescribed manner any change in mobile number, or loss of handset, on which the BO wants to receive the alerts from the depository. In case of change in mobile number not intimated to the depository, the SMS alerts will continue to be sent to the last registered mobile phone number. The BO agrees to indemnify the depository for any loss or damage suffered by it on account of SMS alerts sent on such mobile number.

**Receiving Alerts :**

- The depository shall send the alerts to the mobile phone number provided by the BO while registering for service or to any such number replaced and informed by the BO from time to time. Upon such registration / change, the depository shall make every effort to update the change in mobile number within a reasonable period of time. The depository shall not be responsible for any event of delay or loss of message in this regard.
- The BO acknowledges that the alerts will be received only if the mobile phone is in 'ON' and in a mode to receive the SMS. If the mobile phone is in 'Off' mode i.e. unable to receive the alerts then the BO may not get / get after delay any alerts sent during such period.
- The BO also acknowledges that the readability, accuracy and timeliness of providing the services depend on many factors including the infrastructure, connectivity of the service provider. The depository shall not be responsible for any non-delivery, delayed delivery or distortion of the alert in any way whatsoever.
- The BO further acknowledge that the service provided to him is an additional facility provided for his convenience and is susceptible to error, omission and/or in accuracy. In case of BO observes any error in the information provided in the alert, the BO shall inform the depository and/or the DP immediately in writing and the depository will make best possible efforts to rectify the errors as early as possible. The BO shall not hold the depository liable for any loss, damages, etc. that may be incurred/suffered by the BO an account to avail SMS alerts facility.
- The BO authorized the depository to send any message such as promotional, greeting or any other message that the depository may consider appropriate, to the BO. The BO agrees to an ongoing confirmation for use of name, email address and mobile number for marketing offers between CDSL and any other entity.
- The BO agrees to inform the depository and DP in writing of any unauthorized debit to his BO account/unauthorized transfer of securities from his BO account, immediately, which may come to his knowledge on receiving SMS alerts. The BO may send an email to CDSL at [complaints@cdslindia.com](mailto:complaints@cdslindia.com) The BO is advised not to inform the service provider about any such unauthorized debit to/transfer of securities from his BO account by sending a SMS back to the service provider as there is no reverse communication between the service provider and the depository.

I/We wish to avail the SMS Alerts facility provided by the depository on my/our mobile number provided in the registration form subject to the terms and conditions mentioned below. I/We consent to CDSL providing to the service provider such information pertaining to account/transactions in my/our account as is necessary for the purpose of generating SMS Alerts by service provider, to be sent to the said mobile number.

I/We have read and understood the terms and conditions mentioned above and agree to abide by them and any amendments thereto made by the depository from time to time. I/we further undertake to pay fee/charges as may be levied by the depository from time to time.

I/We further understand that the SMS alerts would be sent for a maximum four ISINs at a time. If more than four debits take place, the BOs would be required to take up the matter with their DP.

I/We am/are aware that mere acceptance of the registration form does not imply in any way that the request has been accepted by the depository for providing the service.

I/We provide the following information for the purpose of registration/modification (Please cancel out what is not applicable).

In case of change in mobile number not intimated to the depository, the SMS alerts will continue to be sent to the last registered mobile phone number. The BO agrees to indemnify the depository for any loss or damage suffered by it on account of SMS alerts sent on such mobile number.

**Receiving Alerts :**

- The depository shall send the alerts to the mobile phone number provided by the BO while registering for service or to any such number replaced and informed by the BO from time to time. Upon such registration / change, the depository shall make every effort to update the change in mobile number within a reasonable period of time. The depository shall not be responsible for any event of delay or loss of message in this regard.
- The BO acknowledges that the alerts will be received only if the mobile phone is in 'ON' and in a mode to receive the SMS. If the mobile phone is in 'Off' mode i.e. unable to receive the alerts then the BO may not get / get after delay any alerts sent during such period.
- The BO also acknowledges that the readability, accuracy and timeliness of providing the services depend on many factors including the infrastructure, connectivity of the service provider. The depository shall not be responsible for any non-delivery, delayed delivery or distortion of the alert in any way whatsoever.
- The BO further acknowledge that the service provided to him is an additional facility provided for his convenience and is susceptible to error, omission and/or in accuracy. In case of BO observes any error in the information provided in the alert, the BO shall inform the depository and/or the DP immediately in writing and the depository will make best possible efforts to rectify the errors as early as possible. The BO shall not hold the depository liable for any loss, damages, etc. that may be incurred/suffered by the BO an account to avail SMS alerts facility.
- The BO authorized the depository to send any message such as promotional, greeting or any other message that the depository may consider appropriate, to the BO. The BO agrees to an ongoing confirmation for use of name, email address and mobile number for marketing offers between CDSL and any other entity.
- The BO agrees to inform the depository and DP in writing of any unauthorized debit to his BO account/unauthorized transfer of securities from his BO account, immediately, which may come to his knowledge on receiving SMS alerts. The BO may send an email to CDSL at [complaints@cdslindia.com](mailto:complaints@cdslindia.com) The BO is advised not to inform the service provider about any such unauthorized debit to/transfer of securities from his BO account by sending a SMS back to the service provider as there is no reverse communication between the service provider and the depository.
- The information sent as an alert on the mobile phone number shall be deemed to have been received by the BO and the depository shall not be under any obligation to confirm the authenticity of the person(s) receiving the alert.
- The depository will make best efforts to provide the service. The BO cannot hold the depository liable for non-availability of the service in any manner whatsoever.
- If the BO finds that the information such as mobile number etc., has been changed without proper authorization, the BO should immediately inform the DP in writing.

**Fees :**

Depository reserves the right to change such fees from time to time as it deems fit for providing this service to the BO.

**Disclaimer :**

The depository shall make reasonable efforts to ensure that the BO's personal information is kept confidential. The depository does not warrant the confidentiality or security of the SMS alerts transmitted through a service provider. Further, the depository makes no warranty or representation of any kind in relation to the system and the network or their function or their performance or for any loss or damage whenever and howsoever suffered or incurred by the BO or by any person resulting from or in connection with availing of SMS alerts facility. The Depository will not be liable for any unauthorized use or access to the information and/or SMS alert sent on the mobile phone number of the BO or for fraudulent, duplicate or erroneous use/misuse of such information by a third person.

**Liability and Indemnity :**

The Depository shall not be liable for any breach of confidentiality by the service provider or by any third person due to unauthorized access to the information meant for the BO. In consideration of the depository providing the service, the BO agrees to indemnify and keep safe, harmless and indemnified the depository and its officials from any damages, claims, demands, proceedings, loss, cost, changes and expenses whatsoever which a depository may at any time incur, sustain, suffer or be put to as a consequence of or arising out of interference with or misuse, improper or fraudulent use of the service by the BO.

**Amendments :**

The depository may amend the terms and conditions at any time with or without giving any prior notice to the BOs. Any such amendments shall be binding on the BOs who are already registered as user of this service.

**Governing Law and Jurisdiction :**

Providing the Service as outlined above shall be governed by the laws of India and will be subject to the exclusive jurisdiction of the courts in Mumbai.

### Terms And Conditions for availing Transaction Using Secured Texting (TRUST) service offered by CDSL

1. Definitions:  
In these Terms and Conditions the terms shall have following meaning unless indicated otherwise:
  - i. "Depository" means Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL)
  - ii. TRUST means "Transactions Using Secured Texting" service offered by the Depository.
  - iii. "Service Provider" means a cellular service provider(s) with whom the Depository has entered / shall enter into an arrangement for providing the TRUST service to the BO.
  - iv. "Service" means the service of providing facility to receive/give instructions through SMS on best effort basis as per the following terms and conditions. The types of transaction that would normally qualify for this type of service would be informed by CDSL from time to time.
  - v. "Third Party" means the operators with whom the Service Provider is having / will have an arrangement for providing SMS to the BO.
2. The service will be provided to the BO at his / her request and at the discretion of the depository provided the BO has registered for this facility with their mobile numbers through their DP or by any other mode as informed by CDSL from time to time. Acceptance of application shall be subject to the verification of the information provided by the BO to the Depository
3. The messages will be sent on best efforts basis by way of an SMS on the mobile no which has been provided by the BOs. However Depository shall not be responsible if messages are not received or sent for any reason whatsoever, including but not limited to the failure of the service provider or network.
4. The BO is responsible for promptly informing its DP in the prescribed manner any change in mobile number, or loss of handset on which the BO wants to send/receive messages generated under TRUST. In case the new number is not registered for TRUST in the depository system, the messages generated under TRUST will continue to be sent to the last registered mobile number. The BO agrees to indemnify the depository for any loss or damage suffered by it on account of messages sent on such mobile number.
5. The BO agrees that SMS received by the Depository from the registered mobile number of the BO on the basis of which instructions are executed in the depository system shall be conclusive evidence of such instructions having been issued by the BO. The DP / CDSL will not be held liable for acting on SMS so received.
6. The BO shall be responsible for submitting response to the 'Responsive SMS' within the specified time period. Transactions for which no positive or negative confirmation is received from the BO, will not be executed except for transaction for deregistration. Further, CDSL shall not be responsible for BOs not submitting the response to the said SMS within the time limit prescribed by CDSL.
7. The BO agrees that the signing of the TRUST registration form by all joint holders shall mean that the instructions executed on the basis of SMS received from the registered mobile for TRUST shall be deemed to have been executed by all joint holders.
8. The BO agrees to ensure that the mobile number for TRUST facility and SMS alert (SMART) facility is the same. The BO agrees that if he is not registered for SMART, the DP shall register him for SMART and TRUST. If the mobile number provided for TRUST is different from the mobile number recorded for SMART, the new mobile number would be updated for SMART as well as TRUST.
9. BOs are advised to check the status of their obligation from time to time and also advise the respective CMs to do so. In case of any issues, the BO/CM should approach their DPs to ensure that the obligation is fulfilled through any other mode of delivery of transactions as may be informed / made available by CDSL from time to time including submission of Delivery Instruction Slips to the DP .
10. The BO acknowledges that CDSL will send the message for confirmation of a transaction to the BO only if the Clearing Member (registered by the BO for TRUST) enters the said transaction in CDSL system for execution through TRUST within prescribed time limit.
11. The BO further acknowledges that the BO/CM shall not have any right to any claim against either the DP or Depository for losses, if any, incurred due to non receipt of response on the responsive SMS or receipt of such response after the prescribed time period. In the event of any dispute relating to the date and time of receipt of such response, CDSL's records shall be conclusive evidence and the Parties agree that CDSL's decision on the same shall be final and binding on both Parties.
12. The BO may request for deregistration from TRUST at any time by giving a notice in writing to its DP or by any other mode as specified by Depository in its operating instructions. The same shall be effected after entry of such request by the DP in CDSL system if the request is received through the DP.
13. Depository reserves the right to charge such fees from time to time as it deems fit for providing this service to the BO.
14. The BO expressly authorises Depository to disclose to the Service Provider or any other third party, such BO information as may be required by them to provide the services to the BO. Depository however, shall not be responsible and be held liable for any divulgence or leakage of confidential BO information by such Service Providers or any other third party.
15. The BO takes the responsibility for the correctness of the information supplied by him to Depository through the use of the said Facility or through any other means such as electronic mail or written communication.
16. The BO is solely responsible for ensuring that the mobile number is not misused and is kept safely and securely. The Depository will process requests originated from the registered Mobile as if submitted by the BO and Depository is not responsible for any claim made by the BO informing that the same was not originated by him.
17. Indemnity:  
In consideration of providing the service, the BO agrees that the depository shall not be liable to indemnify the BO towards any damages, claims, demands, proceedings, loss, cost, charges and expenses whatsoever as a consequence of or arising out of interference with or misuse, improper or fraudulent use of the service by the BO.
18. Disclaimer:  
Depository shall be absolved of any liability in case :-
  - a. There is loss of any information during processing or transmission or any unauthorized access by any other person or breach of confidentiality.
  - b. There is any lapse or failure on the part of the service providers or any third party affecting the said Facility and that Depository makes no warranty as to the quality of the service provided by any such service provider.
  - c. There is breach of confidentiality or security of the messages whether personal or otherwise transmitted through the Facility.

**RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS / TERMS & CONDITIONS TO AVAIL MARGIN TRADING FACILITY (MTF)**

PACE Stock Broking Services Pvt. Ltd. (PACE), member of National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE), BSE Limited (BSE) is eligible to provide Margin Trading Facility (MTF) in NSE and BSE to its clients in accordance with prescribed guidelines, rules and circulars issued by SEBI / Stock Exchanges from time to time. The Rights & Obligations / Terms & Conditions for MTF prescribed hereunder form part of account opening form, shall be read in conjunction with the rights and obligations as prescribed under SEBI circular no. CIR/ MIRSD/ 16/ 2011 dated August 22, 2011, SEBI Circular No. CIR/MRD/DP/54/2017 Dated June 13, 2017 and the Rules, Regulations, Bye laws, Rights and Obligations, Guidelines, circulars issued by respective Stock Exchanges from time to time.

**A. The Client undertakes, authorizes, confirms and agrees to/that:**

1. Avail MTF in accordance with the terms and conditions of MTF offered by PACE.
2. PACE at all times shall have the liberty to exercise its right in its sole discretion to determine the extent to which the MTF to be made available to the Client.
3. The Initial Margin payable shall be in the form of cash, cash equivalent, or Group I Equity securities with appropriate hair cut.
4. If the transaction is entered under MTF, there will not be any further confirmation that it is margin trading transaction other than contract note or statement sent on T+1 day in case client confirms MTF trade after issuance of contract note.
5. PACE shall have discretion to allocate available securities/funds as collateral against MTF.
6. PACE shall not be bound to grant MTF to the Client (which decision shall be at the sole and exclusive discretion of PACE) and PACE shall not be required to provide any reasons thereof nor shall PACE be liable for any damages (whether direct or consequential or whether financial or non-financial) to the Client by reason of PACE's refusal to grant MTF to the Client.
7. Client includes Individual, Company, Partnership Firm, Trust, Hindu Undivided Family, Association of Persons and Body of Individuals etc.
8. The terms / conditions / Obligations of the Client as amended from time to time shall be irrevocable and shall not be revoked by the death/dissolution/ winding up of the Client.

**Rights of the Client**

1. Free to take the delivery of the securities at any time from its MTF account to normal trading account by repaying the amount that was paid by PACE to the Exchange towards securities after paying all dues.
2. May change the securities collateral offered for MTF at any time so long as the securities so offered are approved for MTF by PACE.

**Obligations of the Client**

1. Transaction/s to be considered for exposure to MTF shall be informed to PACE in writing or in any other irrefutable mode of communication not later than T+1 day, else the same shall be considered under normal trading facility.
2. By agreeing to avail MTF with PACE, client is deemed to have authorized PACE to pledge the securities provided as collateral or purchased under the MTF till the amount due in respect of the said transaction including the dues to PACE is paid in full by the client.

**B. PACE undertakes, authorizes, confirms and agrees to/that:**

1. PACE shall monitor and review on a continuous basis the client's positions with regard to MTF.
2. Additional exposure over debit balance (arising out of trade executed under normal trading facility), beyond fifth trading day reckoned from pay-in date, may be granted under MTF to the extent the Client is eligible and subject to availability of required margin. In such event, PACE in its discretion may identify the eligible/excess securities available with the client and mark as collateral towards MTF. All credit arising out of sale transaction under MTF shall be first adjusted towards the debit under normal trading facility, if any and subject to adequate margin being maintained for the outstanding MTF debit.

**Rights of PACE**

1. PACE and client may agree between themselves the terms and condition including commercial terms if any before commencement of MTF.
2. PACE may set up its own risk management policy that will be applicable to the transactions done under the MTF. PACE may make amendments there to at any time but give effect to such policy after the amendments are duly communicated to the clients registered under the MTF.
3. PACE has a right to retain and/or pledge the securities provided as collateral or the securities bought by the client under the MTF.
4. PACE has a right to liquidate the securities if the client fails to meet the margin call made by PACE.

**Obligations of PACE**

1. PACE shall not use the funds and securities of one client to provide MTF to another client, even on the authority of the client.
2. The Securities deposited as collateral for availing MTF (Collaterals) and the Securities purchased under the MTF (Funded Securities) shall be identifiable separately and no comingling shall be permitted for the purpose of computing funding amount.
3. The daily margin statements sent by PACE to the client shall identify the margin/collateral for Margin Trading separately.
4. In case the client determines to convert a normal trade into MTF after the issuance of contract note, PACE shall issue appropriate records to communicate to the Client, the change in status of transaction from Normal to Margin trading and should include information like the original contract number and the margin statement and the changed data.
5. PACE when makes a 'margin call' to the client, shall clearly indicate the additional / deficient margin to be made good.
6. Whenever securities are liquidated by PACE, the contract note issued for such margin call related transactions shall carry an asterisk or identifier that the transaction has arisen out of margin call.
7. PACE shall close/terminate the account of the client forthwith upon receipt of request from the client subject to the condition that the client has paid the dues under MTF.
8. The Client may opt to terminate the MTF in the event of PACE committing any breach of any terms or conditions herein or for any other reason.

**Mode of Communication**

1. I/we accept all types communications including consent to the Terms and Conditions, order / trade confirmation, revision in margin, margin calls / decision to liquidate the position / security / collateral, Margin statements, margin policies on haircuts / VAR margin, Risk management policies, Rights & obligations, allowable exposure, specific Security exposure etc herein through email / SMS from his email id / mobile number registered with PACE or by online mode by logging-in on the website of PACE in a secured manner or by physical mode, based on client's preference.
2. Any communication done with any of the aforesaid means shall be deemed to have been received by the client. Eligible Securities & Margin Required for MTF:
  1. Securities specified under "MTF Approved Category List" by PACE from time to time which must be a part of 'Group I security' as per Exchanges /SEBI shall be eligible for MTF. PACE reserves the right to include or exclude any Securities from its "MTF Approved Category List" as per the discretion of Risk Management Committee without any prior intimation.
  2. PACE reserves the right to transfer any of the trades done in the normal market in the "MTF Approved Category List" to MTF trades at its discretion.
  3. The client shall deposit the following initial margin, in order to avail MTF:

Category of Stock	Applicable Margin
Group I stocks available for trading in the F & O segment	VaR + 3 times of applicable ELM or PACE MTF VaR (whichever is higher)
Group I stocks other than F & O stocks	VaR + 5 times of applicable ELM or PACE MTF VaR (whichever is higher)

4. The Initial Margin payable by the client shall be in the form of cash, cash equivalent, or Group I Equity securities with appropriate hair cut. Where the margin is made available by way of securities, PACE is empowered to decline its acceptance of any securities as margin and/or to accept it at such reduced value as PACE may deem fit by applying haircuts or by valuing it by marking it to market or by any other method as PACE may deem fit in its absolute discretion.
5. Applicable Margin on the securities purchased i.e. "Funded Securities" under MTF shall be computed by grossing applicable margin i.e. minimum initial margin plus maintenance margin, if any, on each security and accordingly shortage shall be computed by deducting available margin from gross margin. Collateral shares at PACE Collateral VaR and Funded Shares at PACE MTF VaR shall be marked to market daily for the purpose of computing the margin/shortage of margin.
6. PACE at its sole and absolute discretion may increase / revise the limit of initial margin and maintenance margin, minimum transaction amount from time to time, subject to SEBI / Exchange / PACE requirements in this respect. The Client shall abide by such revision, and where there is an upward revision of such margin amount, the client agrees to make up the revised margin immediately, not later than 3 working days from the day of margin call, failing which PACE may exercise its discretion / right to liquidate the Collaterals and / or Funded Securities immediately.
7. The Client shall maintain the Maintenance Margin (70% of the Initial Margin) with PACE at all the times.

**Margin Call**

1. If the Client is intimated about the Margin shortage through any of the mutually agreed mode of communication, then the client shall make good such deficiency in the amount of margin placed with PACE. Margin call will be made if Margin available falls below 70 % of the margin required.

**Liquidation / Squaring-off of MTF Collaterals / Funded Securities by PACE**

MTF Collaterals / Funded Securities of client may be liquidated / squared off immediately in case of any of the following situations/conditions, without any further notice / intimation and all the losses and financial charges on account of such liquidation shall be charged and borne by the client:

1. If the value of the Collaterals / Margin deposited by client with PACE to purchase Securities under MTF (Funded Securities), falls below the 60 % of the margin required;
2. If the shortage of the Maintenance margin (70 % of Margin required) continued for 3 trading days;
3. If the client fails to meet the margin call and margin shortage continued for 5 trading days from the day of margin call.
4. If any instrument for payment of Margin Money / Monies is / are dishonoured;
5. If the Client violates/breaches any provision of this Arrangement or provides any incorrect or misleading information;
6. If the Client has voluntarily or compulsorily become the subject of any proceedings under any bankruptcy or insolvency law or winding up or liquidation proceedings or has a receiver or liquidator appointed in respect of itself or its assets or makes an application or refers itself to any authority for being declared as a "sick company", relief undertaking, bankrupt or insolvent or seeking financial reconstruction or any other like scheme (by whatever name called) or is dissolved or there is a change in the constitution whether on account of the admission of a new partner or the retirement, death or insolvency of any partner or otherwise;
7. The death, lunacy or other disability of the Client;
8. If there is reasonable apprehension that the Client is unable to pay its outstanding dues or has admitted its inability to pay its dues, as they become payable;
9. If the Client is convicted under any criminal law in force;
10. If any Asset or any Security is seized or made subject to any distress, execution, attachment, injunction or other process order or proceeding or is detained or taken into custody for any reason;
11. Default under any other arrangement or facility with any Stock Broker is made by the Client;
12. There exists any other circumstance, which in the sole opinion of PACE, is prejudicial to the interests of PACE;
13. Order passed by any regulatory, courts, statutory bodies etc.

**Charges**

1. Brokerage, Statutory Charges and Other Charges will be charged as mutually agreed between the client & PACE within the prescribed limits as specified by SEBI / Exchanges.
2. All outstanding dues under MTF shall carry Interest upto 0.07% per day unless mutually agreed otherwise.
3. The dues, wherever mentioned herein, includes but not limited to outstanding balances, interest, statutory taxes, duties, charges, penalties etc in respect of MTF availed by the Client.

**Settlement of MTF Account**

1. Margin Trading Accounts where there was no transaction for 90 days shall be settled immediately provided there are no dues outstanding in the MTF account. Debit balance, if any, in the normal trading account shall be first adjusted against the MTF account and the remaining amount shall be paid to the Client.
2. Client's balances in any other segment / exchange can be adjusted / recovered against dues in MTF account.

**Dispute Resolution**

1. Client shall lodge protest or disagreement with any transaction done under MTF within 24 hours from the date of receipt of such document / statements / contract notes/ any other communications.
2. Any disputes arising between the client and PACE in connection with the MTF shall be resolved through the investor grievance redressal mechanism and/or arbitration mechanism of the stock exchanges as in the case of normal trades.

**Termination of Relationship**

1. Client may close / terminate the MTF account at any time after paying the dues.
2. The margin trading arrangement between PACE and the client shall be terminated; if the Stock Exchange, for any reason, withdraws the MTF provided to PACE or PACE surrenders the facility or PACE ceases to be a member of the stock exchange.
3. The MTF facility may be withdrawn by PACE, in the event of client committing any breach of any terms or conditions therein or at any time after due intimation to client allowing such time to liquidate the MTF position as per the agreed liquidation terms without assigning any reason. Similarly, client may opt to terminate the MTF in the event of PACE committing any breach of any terms or conditions therein or for any other reason.
4. In the event of termination of this arrangement, the client shall forthwith settle the dues of PACE. PACE shall be entitled to immediately adjust the Margin Amount against the dues of the client, and the client hereby authorizes PACE to make such adjustment.
5. After such adjustment, if any further amount is due from the client to PACE, the client shall settle the same forthwith. Upon full settlement of all the dues of the client to PACE, PACE shall release the balance amount to the client.
6. If the client opts to terminate the MTF, PACE shall forthwith return to the client all the collaterals provided and funded securities retained on payment of all the dues by clients.